The SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

[Numb. 1968] MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1773.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by *T. POWELL* & Co. at the Printing-Office near the EXCHANGE.

☞ T. POWELL & Co. repeat their moſt grateful Reſpects to the Encouragers of this Gazette, and beg Leave to acquaint them, that ONE Year BECAME DUE *Four* MONTHS *ago*; and, as their ſmall Demands lie in ſo many different Hands, that, unleſs they are alſo *ſupported* by *regular annual Payments*, it will be impoſſible to continue their Buſineſs on the Plan of PUBLIC UTILITY—the Expence and Trouble attending which are great. They therefore hope, that thoſe of their Subſcribers, as well in the Country as in Town, who have not yet attended to this, will make, or order, immediate Payment, and render any further Application to them unneceſſary.

From a late LONDON PAPER.

I Have preſumed to ſpeak of the King in the following language of ſincerity and freedom, from the honeſt affection I have to his family, and from the very great reſpect I acknowledge to his parliamentary title.

From the moment I was capable of forming a judgment on right and wrong, I have looked upon the maxims and conduct of the profligate Houſe of *Stuart* with that utmoſt deteſtation which they deſerve, and conſidered their principles as the moſt dangerous and alarming to the natural and civil liberties of mankind. On the contrary, and from reaſons totally the reverſe of theſe, I have always borne the higheſt eſteem and gratitude to the illuſtrious Houſe of *Brunſwick*, and flattered myſelf I never ſhould be deceived in my future expectations, until my gracious Sovereign had the good fortune to aſcend the throne of his anceſtors. Monarchy I think the beſt form of government our extenſive dominions will admit of; but then I would have the Monarch, at all times, very much confined and limited, both in the theory and exerciſe of his power and influence.

Our gracious Sovereign ſtill ſeems to purſue the laudable plan he ſet out upon—to employ none but Tories, Jacobites, and Scotchmen; to diſpoſe of the lives, the liberties, and property of the Engliſh ſubjects.

Will he not underſtand, that theſe are the natural enemies of his family and his conſtitution? What greater proofs can he poſſibly require, than the one uniform tenor of hiſtory and obſervation? Even his own experience might convince him, if he had ſagacity enough to penetrate the treacherous deportment of his confidential friends;—but the extraordinary care that has been taken of his education (and ſurely it was impoſſible to take more) has abundantly ſecured him, I fear, from any diſcovery of that ſort. Yet, perhaps, this very experience may one day convince him, when it becomes too late to repent, how groſsly he has been neglected and betrayed.

The Engliſh nation have long been inſulted by his unjuſt partiality to diſhoneſt Scotchmen. From the time he aſcended the throne of his forefathers, the Scotch *Sejanus*, and the modern *Sylla*, have occupied every corner of his Royal heart.—The one, totally ignorant of every particular that regards the politics or domeſtic œconomy of a great ſtate—the other, as equally unqualified to have the management of a free country, as ſome Kings are, even *nominally*, to rule over a generous, brave, and noble-minded people. With much regret we find, that he will not liſten to the voice and complaints of his ſubjects;—that he is determined not to diſcard from his Councils thoſe odious, contemptible minions, who diſgrace him with the multitude, and impoſe, like traitors as they are, upon the ſimplicity of his nature. Does the firſt magiſtrate reflect one moment upon his ſituation in this country, when he gives up the reins of government to ſuch deteſtable men as theſe are? Has he forgotten the gallant ſoul of Beckford, when he ſpoke daggers to the Royal mind? He ſhould contemplate his firſt duty to his ſubjects, to his anceſtors, and to his poſterity. And though it were poſſible for a man to be willing to renounce his own title to a Crown, ſtill he ſhould conſider the important intereſt of his children and parental affection ſhould have ſome weight in the conſideration. Theſe crafty, cunning Scotchmen would render any King odious and oppreſſive to his people, our own annals and the undeniable rights of human nature, will furniſh the glorious, the concluding ſcene of action. Edward II. Richard II. and even James II. had favourites too.

I ſuppoſe the next honourable ſtep his Majeſty is about to take, will be to make the worthy Mansfield Lord Chancellor of England—but that profligate Scotchman ſhall never occupy ſo important a ſeat, with impunity.——Shall the Northern Mansfield be Lord Chancellor of England?—that *ignis fatuus*, which has danced before the minds of the people, and blaſted them into ruin and miſtake.

This admired Mansfield of his, not contented with defending the moſt notorious villain upon earth—not contented with juſtifying famines, murders, rapines, extortions, forgeries, and every ſpecies of private vice and public infamy that can brand the human heart—muſt alſo endeavour to *rob* helpleſs infants, orphans, widows, the lame, the blind, the child-bearing, the diſtreſſed, in every ſituation of life, *of thoſe charitable donations, thoſe noble conitibutions*, which do much honour to the humanity and fellow-feeling of Engliſhmen—and to which, I may venture to ſay, he himſelf never contributed the ſmalleſt atom. But it comes from the unſullied purity of the moſt amiable of Scotchmen, and muſt therefore be a ſufficient recommendation to the Royal favour. The honour and proſperity of his country; the welfare and ſecurity of his family, ſhould compel him to hate and deteſt the very name of a Scotchman. They are a ſly, hypocritical, proſtituted, inſidious nation; tyrants to ſome, paraſites to others; good men they abhor, bad men they love; private virtues they deſpair of—public liberty their deteſtation.—A ſlaviſh government is their very pride of nature.

Would an Engliſh tutor have judiciouſly neglected, and afterwards have as treacherouſly corrupted a young Prince's education? Only let us contemplate the abilities and virtues of the reigning Majeſty. But he is attached to his favourite, and really believes him a man of wiſdom and integrity. Out of compliſance to his ſtation, ſuppoſe I were to grant him all that he can poſſibly demand?—has he not read that *Seneca* was reproached for the vices of *Nero*—not to mention his gallantry with *Agrippina*. How different is this modern *Plutarch* with his modern *Trajan*!

We underſtand full well in what a diſgraceful manner the unhappy North was puſhed forward to the world. We firmly believe him to be no more than the ignominious tool of that daſtardly Scotch triumvirate, whoſe pernicious councils have ſo long infeſted the proſperity of theſe kingdoms. A chief Governor ſhould know that the principles of monarchy are utterly corrupted, when the firſt dignities become the mark of the firſt ſervitude—when the higheſt officers in the ſtate are ſtripped of popular reſpect, and rendered the baſe engines of arbitrary power. And though perhaps, by the unworthy purſuit of his conduct, he may elevate himſelf with the pleaſing expectation of *abſolute authority*—ſtill let him call to remembrance that he is not the firſt Prince in his native country, who has been moſt fatally diſappointed in thoſe curſed expectations. The ſun may be eclipſed, but will not ſhortly be annihilated.

We have not yet forgotten the inhuman murder of Mr. *Y*——. I never go to the d——r——m, but, methinks, I ſmell the blood of an amiable man. What heart is it that is diſcoloured by that barbarous act? *Not all the perfumes of Arabia can waſh it clean.* The greateſt repentance will avail nought. *It is a damned ſpot, and will not out.*

I wiſh, Sir, I could effectually recommend to St. James's one particular part of ſtudy in which I am told, and verily believe it, that his preſent Majeſty is remarkably deficient. It is the ſtudy of *hiſtory*. What a ſhame it is, that the fair partner of his bed ſhould be much more converſant in this branch of literature than the Sovereign of a great people! It is a noble ſtudy, and well worthy of the moſt ſerious attention. It will enlarge the underſtanding, and improve the heart. The baneful ſyſtem of his Scotch Miniſters, will no longer be proſecuted with that indecent eagerneſs with which it has been. The farther he advances in knowledge of this ſort, the more will he be alarmed at their poiſonous, deſtructive principles. The pavement of the Royal Palace is already ſtained with Scotch corruption. Their hearts overflow with putrid matter, which even now approaches the chamber of the Prince. The King ſhould take care of a peſtilential diſorder.

Particularly the hiſtory of his own country ſhould never be omitted. It will beſt teach him after what manner he is to govern a nation, with credit to himſelf and happineſs to his people. And it will alſo teach him in what manner Kings of England have been treated when they have deſpiſed the complaints of their ſubjects, and trampled unfeelingly upon the firſt rights of human nature. There is not a more certain maxim in civil affairs, than when a diſpoſition naturally vile and baſe, has obtained any conſiderable ſhare of power, that it never fails to hurt or endanger the very exiſtence of the conſtitution. Ours is a valuable conſtitution, the pride, the boaſt, the glory of the Engliſh nation. It is the intereſt, it is the duty of the King, ſo far as he is concerned, to preſerve that wonderful fabrick in its utmoſt beauty and perfection. For that purpoſe was he placed upon the throne, and for that purpoſe only. It is that pillar of fire which can alone conduct him to a happy and a promiſed period. They who loſe ſight of it will ſoon loſe themſelves in the dark wilds of miſery and perdition.

I have adopted the appellation of a noble Roman. I will tell his Majeſty who he was—He was that *Marcus Brutus* who met the tyrant *Julius Cæſar* in the Senate-houſe, and ſlew him as a victim to the LIBERTY OF HIS COUNTRY.

MARCUS BRUTUS.

New Adventiſements.

JUST ARRIVED,

A CARGO OF

One Hundred & Eighty *LIKELY* NEGROES,

In the Snow NELLY, JAMES MAYCHEL, Maſter,
From SIERRA-LEON,
To be SOLD,
On FRIDAY *next, the* 10*th of* September,
By POWELL, HOPTON, & Co.
Charles-Town, Aug. 26, 1773.

John & Richard Thompſon,

Beg Leave to acquaint their Friends and the Public,

THAT they have taken the Livery-Stables in *Meeting-Street*, at preſent occupied by Mr. THOMAS ADAMSON, and ſhall enter them the 15th Inſtant.—They have engaged a large Quantity of Corn, Fodder, &c. for the Accommodation of Horſes, belonging to either Town or Country Gentlemen; who may depend on the utmoſt Care being always taken of the Horſes entruſted to them; and flatter themſelves, that their Knowledge and Aſſiduity in managing thoſe they may be favoured with, will entitle them to the Encouragement they now ſolicit for, and are determined to make their Charges as *reaſonable* as poſſible.

Richard Thompſon lived Eight Years in the Capacity of a Groom, with the late *Charles Pelham*, Eſq; of *Lincolnſhire*, and flatters himſelf that his Experience in Horſes, and their different Diſorders, will give Satisfaction to thoſe Gentlemen who may pleaſe to employ them in that Way.

They purpoſe opening a TAVERN at the above Place, and have laid in a Quantity of all Sorts of good Liquors,—where Country Gentlemen and others, may depend on always meeting with good Entertainment and civil Uſage, from

Their humble Servants,
John & Richard Thompſon.

N. B. A good ORDINARY every Sunday.

To be SOLD,

Three NEGRO Fellows,

Who are ſober, honeſt, and healthy, have been uſed to Plantation Work and the Management of Horſes.——Enquire at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange.

JACOB VALK,

Hereby acquaints the PUBLIC in general, and his Friends in particular,

THAT, at his *OFFICE*, Merchants and Tradeſmen may have their Books regulated, by the Month, Quarter, or Year; and, as often as needful, balanced and cloſed.

Likewiſe, Sets of Books opened properly, for Perſons newly commencing any Kind of Buſineſs, and ſuperintended with the utmoſt Care.——*Alſo*, Accounts relating to Partnerſhips, Planters, Executors, Adminiſtrators, Aſſignees, &c. completely ſcrutinized, and accurately adjuſted.

And, Perſons deſirous of ſettling their yearly Buſineſs expeditiouſly, by ſending their Books to him, may have it done; the different Accounts drawn out, and the Monies collected, or otherwiſe ſettled, in the moſt ſuitable Manner.

Lands, Houſes, and Negroes,

Bought and ſold at private Sale, upon the uſual Commiſſions. The Plats of the Lands (of which there is always a Variety at his Office) may be ſeen, and Terms of Sale made known, by applying to the Subſcriber:——Where, any Perſons deſirous to purchaſe Plantations or Lands in any Part of this Province, and in GEORGIA, may at at all Times, have an Opportunity of being accommodated.

Money borrowed and lent at Intereſt,

Without Expence to the LENDER, who will be entitled to Intereſt for his Money, from the Day he gives Notice to him, of having it to LET; and, ſuch as deſire it, may have their Intereſt applied for as it becomes due, without any Expence.

For SALE by private Contract,

Four valuable and ſeaſoned Negroes, viz.

One young FELLOW, a complete Waiting-Man, uſed to the Care and Management of Horſes, and can drive a Carriage.—Two young FELLOWS fit for the Field.—One complete Houſe-WENCH, who is alſo a good ordinary Cook. For further Particulars and Terms of Sale, enquire of

JACOB VALK.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

AN exceeding fine valuable Tract of Two Hundred Acres of Swamp, upon SANTEE River, fronting on the ſaid River:—It joins Lands laid out to JAMES LYNAH, about a Mile above THOMAS PLATT's Plantation; is a little below Mr. JOINER's, on the other Side of the River, and about One Hundred Miles from *Charles-Town*.

The Plats may be ſeen, and Terms of Sale made known (which will be made agreeable to the Purchaſer) by applying to

JACOB VALK.

For SALE by private Contract,

A Valuable PLANTATION in St. *Bartholomew*'s Pariſh, containing Five Hundred Acres; the greateſt Part of which is exceeding good Rice Land; is pleaſantly ſituated in a good Neighbourhood, not above Five Miles from a Landing:—On the Premiſes is a good Dwelling-Houſe, new Barn, Store-Houſe, with all other Conveniences neceſſary for a well-ſettled Plantation.

Part of the Purchaſe-Money will be required at the Delivery of the Titles, and for the Remainder, Two, Three, to Four Years Credit will be given, paying Intereſt, and giving Security if required. For further Particulars, enquire of

JACOB VALK.

To be SOLD, at public Vendue,

On *Thurſday* the 30th of *September* next,

At the uſual Place in CHARLES-TOWN, *at* 12 *o'Clock,*

Two valuable Tracts of LANDS,

Adjoining to each other;

CONTAINING in the Whole 1900 Acres, Seven Hundred of which is eſteemed very good Rice Land, lying in ST. HELENA Pariſh, about Ten Miles to COOSAWHATCHIE Bridge, it being an entire inland Tract, no Ways hazardous to any Freſhes, yet has ſeveral Branches that would anſwer to make very good Reſerves of Back-Water.—Theſe Two Tracts would anſwer a great Planter very well for Two good Plantations.

Credit will be given to the 1ſt of *January* next, paying Intereſt and giving Security if required:——Further Particulars of the Plats, and proper Recommendations of the Lands, are to be ſeen in the Hands of the Subſcriber.

Any Perſon willing to purchaſe before the Day of Sale, may apply to

JACOB VALK.

PHILIP WITHERSTONE,

CARVER, from BRISTOL,

Takes this Method of acquainting his Friends and the Public,

THAT he has opened a Shop in *Longitude Lane*, near the Poſt-Office, where he carries on CARVING in general.

Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their Orders, may depend on their being punctually obeyed, and their Favours gratefully acknowledged.

N. B. SHIP-CARVING done as *cheap* as in *England*.

To be SOLD by Auction,

At the uſual Place in CHARLES-TOWN,

On *Thurſday* the 16th of *September*

Two NEGRO GIRLS,

That have been in the Province about Eighteen Months, uſed to Houſe-Work, and under Mortgage.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

WILLIAMSBURG, *(Virginia)* JULY 29.

THE Venus, Capt. Oliffe, from Dublin, is come up to Burwell's Ferry, with 70 indented ſervants; ſome of whoſe manufactory. Capt. Oliffe ſays, that he was well informed, before he left Dublin, that upwards of EIGHTEEN THOUSAND people had loft Ireland, ſince January laſt, to ſettle in different parts of America.

ANNAPOLIS *(in Maryland)* AUGUST 5.

On Sunday laſt, his Majeſty's frigate the Tartar, Capt. Edward Meadows, came up to Cheſapeake Bay, and anchored off this port, and on Monday evening the Capt. made a ſeizure of a ſloop and cargo, which conſiſted of Sugar, molaſſes, and coffee; the cauſe of the ſeizure it is ſaid, was, a ſhort entry made by the captain and owner at the Cuſtom-houſe. The man of war went down the Bay with her prize, ſo that we cannot inſert the particulars.

BOSTON, AUGUST 9.

On Wedneſday the 28th of laſt month came on before a ſpecial Court of Admiralty in this town, the trial of Anſel Nickerſon for piracy and robbery on the high ſeas; the examination of witneſſes for the Crown and Priſoner held till Friday night, when the Court adjourned till Tueſday following, at ten o'clock, when Samuel Fitch, Eſq; Advocate-General, after re-examining ſeveral of the witneſſes for the King, applied the evidences on the Crown ſide; the afternoon and the next day were taken up by John Adams and Joſiah Quincy, jun. Eſqrs. Council for the priſoner in his defence, and on Thurſday afternoon the Advocate-General cloſed the cauſe. The Court then told the priſoner, if he had any thing further to ſay in his behalf, he would have an opportunity the next day; and then adjourned to ten next morning.—The Court then meeting, proceeded to aſk the priſoner if he had any thing further to offer the Court, in addition to what his Council had already ſaid: Upon which the priſoner expreſſed his wiſhes that certain witneſſes (who he apprehended would teſtify in his favour) had been preſent; and concluded with ſaying, that, "If I loſe my life, I am innocent of the crime laid to my charge."

The Court then gave orders that all perſons depart, except the Regiſter; and having conſidered of the evidence, &c. for about two hours and an half, the priſoner was again called in, when the Preſident, after a ſolemn pauſe, told the priſoner, "The Court have conſidered of your offence, and they do not think that the evidence offered to them is ſufficient to ſupport the charge alledged againſt you in the information—and therefore adjudge you NOT GUILTY."

A motion was then made by the priſoner's Council that he might be diſcharged; and the Advocate-General not objecting, it was granted: The priſoner being informed of it, reſpectfully bowed to the Court, and ſaid,—"I thank the honourble Court —and God—for my deliverance!"

The Court was then adjourned without day.

Thus ended a trial, for the moſt ſurprizing event, which has happened in this, and perhaps any other age of the world.

It is rumoured, that in a late trial of great expectation, four of the judges were for acquittal, and four for condemnation; and the Court being equally divided, an acquittal for the priſoner followed of courſe.

NEWPORT, *(Rhode-Iſland)* AUGUST 9.

The drought has been greater here this ſummer, than any time ſince 1762, we having had but one very little rain for near eight weeks, before laſt Friday in the afternoon, when it began to rain, and continued with ſmall intermiſſions, till about the ſame time the next afternoon; which has greatly refreſhed the earth.

NEW-YORK, AUGUST 9.

The ſloop Miſſiſippi, Capt. Goodrich, with the Connecticut Military adventurers, arrived here from the Miſſiſipp' but laſt from Penſacola, the 6th inſtant; The Country the went to explore they like well, having laid out 23 Townſhips at the Natchez.

Extract of a Letter from Penſacola, dated July 12, 1773.

"By the veſſel that carries this to you, goes the Committee ſent out by the Military Adventurers, for exploring the lands on the Miſſiſippi. Theſe Gentlemen (who have been very indefatigable in the execution of their Commiſſion) return perfectly ſatisfied with the ſoil, climate, and great natural advantages of this country; and indeed it would be no eaſy taſk to find a rational objection to either. The ſettlement of that part of the country contiguous to the Natchez, goes on with incredible rapidity; excluſive of above four hundred families that within the laſt ſix weeks have come down the Ohio from Virginia and the Carolinas, no leſs than four veſſels have arrived from North Carolina only, filled with inhabitants. Parſon Sweezy, with his little party from New-Jerſey, are ſafely arrived, and began their ſettlement on the lands referved for them."

AUGUST 16.

We here from Princetown, New-Jerſey, that on Monday night laſt, during the ſtorm, about 10 o'Clock they diſcovered three fires, which proved the next day to be the barns of Mr. Benjamin Clark, Mr. Guſbert Lane, and Mr. Van Kirk; they were all ſtruck by lightning, and burnt to the ground in the hardeſt of the ſtorm, together with all the hay, grain, &c. which thoſe Gentlemen had. Mr. Clark alone, has loſt upwards of twenty tons of hay.

A few days ago an account was taken of the inhabitants of this city and county, when the following is an exact ſtate of

WHITES.	BLACKS.
3720 Males under 16 years	568 Males under 16 years.
5083 Males above 16, and under 60.	890 Males above 16, and under 60.
280 Males of 60 & upwards.	42 Males above 60.
3779 Females under 16,	559 Females under 16.
5864 Females above 16.	1085 Females above 16.

Mr. POWELL,

In order to ſecure myſelf, as well as Mr. ROYBOULD *and Mr.* HAMETT, *from ſuffering in the Opinion of the Public, pleaſe to inſert in your Gazette, the incloſed Affidavit.*

I am, Yours, &c,

JOHN VINYARD.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

Charles-Town, Sept. 6, 1773.

CAPTAIN ALEXANDER MARSHALL, and Captain THOMAS MACKLISH, both of *Charles-Town*, being ſeverally ſworn on the Holy Evangliſts of Almighty God, make Oath and ſay, That in the Afternoon of *Friday* the 30th of *July* laſt, when Dr. *Tucker*'s Negro with the Small-Pox was removed, Mr. *Robert Williams* did not meet Dr. *Tucker* walking by the Side of the Cart in which the Negro was, "either oppoſite or nearly oppoſite to Mr. *Harvey*'s, or conſiderably to "the Eaſtward of Dr. *Tucker*'s Houſe;" but that the ſaid Mr. *Williams* came to Dr. *Tucker*'s Gate, or very near it, and there ſtaid him, before the Cart began to move forward, and even after it was turned, the Horſe in the Cart ſtill facing the Weſt.

ALEXANDER MARSHALL.
THOMAS MACKLISH.

Sworn to before me, this 6th of September, 1773.
JENWICKE BULL, J. P.

New Advertiſements.

The SUBSCRIBER

Has juſt imported, in the Brigt. CHARLES-TOWN PACKET, *Captain* SAMUEL WRIGHT, *from* PHILADELPHIA,

FLINT Corn, Northward Oats, Lewis's ſuperfine Flour in Barrels, Half Barrels, and Kegs; Ship and Pilot Bread; Kegs of Milk and Water Bread; Rum in Hogſheads and Quarter Caſks; Loaf Sugar, &c. &c. to be ſold on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at his Store on *Beale*'s Wharf.

JOSEPH ATKINSON.

Liſbon WINE, in Quarter Caſks,

Of an extraordinary good Quality, juſt arrived,

To be SOLD,

By Robert, John, & J. Smyth.

To be SOLD by public Auction,

At the Vendue-Houſe in CHARLES-TOWN,

On Thurſday *the 16th of* September *Inſt.*

Preciſely at TWELVE o'Clock.

FIVE Hundred Acres of Land in *Berkley* County, bounding North on Land of *Peter Sinkler, James Ravenel,* and *René Richbourgh,* Weſt on Land laid out, South on Land of *Peter Oliver's,* Eaſt on Land of *Joſeph Willingham* and *René Richbourgh,* at which Time the Plat and Grant will be produced.

N. B. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe before the Day of Sale, may apply at the PRINTING-OFFICE on the BAY, near the EXCHANGE.

Notice is hereby again given,

TO all the Perſons indebted to either the Eſtates of THOMAS-LOUGHTON SMITH, Eſq; deceaſed, or Mr. JOSEPH PICKERING, deceaſed (eſpecially thoſe who have neglected paying up the Intereſt on their Bonds and Notes) that the Subſcriber requeſts they will ſettle with him by the 1ſt of *October* next, and be more punctual in Future.

Auguſt 31ſt, 1773. GEORGE INGLIS.

To be SOLD,

A very likely *Indian* BOY and GIRL;

They both ſpeak *Engliſh,* and in the Space of a Year or Two, if properly managed, would be as good Houſe Servants as any in Town. The only Reaſon the Owner intends to diſpoſe of them is, becauſe there are no Slaves allowed by LAW in *England.* Enquire at the Printing-Office on the *Bay,* near the *Exchange.*

To be SOLD,

FIVE Hundred and Fifty Acres of good Rice, Indico, and Corn Land, ſituated it St. *Peter's* Pariſh, *Granville* County; about Forty Acres of which are under good Fences.—There are on the Premiſes ſome Buildings, made with Logs, &c. with many other Conveniences, which may ſerve for a Family to reſide in, till better Buildings are erected; there is alſo a Frame for a Griſt Mill made out of Lightwood Trees, and a large Dam, about Half compleated; in the Middle of the ſaid Land, there is another Dam, about 70 Yards long, which will overflow 100 Acres, ſo that both Dams, when completed, will eaſily overflow all the low Land. There are likewiſe near One Thouſand Fruit Trees of different Kinds, already planted, and are all of the beſt Sorts, being brought from the Northward.

The above Land is ſituated about fourteen Miles from *Cooſawhatchie* Bridge, on the ſame Waters; is about ten Miles from a Landing on *Savannah* River, called the Two Siſters, and convenient to ſeveral good Landings for the *Georgia* Markets, and has an excellent Range for Cattle, Hogs, &c. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply, on the Premiſes, to

WILLIAM RAINES.

To be SOLD by private Contract,

A TRACT of LAND, containing fifteen Hundred Acres, being a Moiety of a Tract of Three Thouſand Acres, granted in the Year 1763, and is a *Carolina* Grant to *William Harvey,* Eſq; ſituate on the South ſide of the River *Alatamaha,* within a few Miles of *Darien.*—It contains a large Body of very valuable River-Tide Swamp, ſome back Swamp, and ſome very well timbered Pine Land.

Alſo, A Tract of Five Hundred Acres, ſituate between the Rivers *Medway* and *New-Port,* on a Southern Branch of *Medway* River, granted in the Year 1756 to *Edmund Tannat,* Eſq; deceaſed.—It contains a conſiderable Quantity of very good Swamp, ſome Oak and Hickory, and Pine Land, and would make an excellent Rice Plantation. Apply in *Charles-Town,* to ALEXANDER ROSE, Eſq; or Mr. ALEXANDER HOGG, or in *Savannah,* to JOHN HUME.

STOLEN or STRAYED from *Charles-Town,*

On THURSDAY *Night, the 19th of* Auguſt *laſt,*

A Bay HORSE, with a black Mane and Tail, undocked, with ſome Saddle-Spots on his Back, branded on the mounting Shoulder AG;—*And,* ſome Time before, a black COW, branded on the Buttock WH in one.——TWENTY POUNDS will be given for the former, and FIVE POUNDS for the latter, on being returned to me, in *Charles-Town.*

Sept. 6, 1773. WILLIAM HOPTON.

THE Creditors of the Eſtate of RICHARD BERESFORD, Eſquire, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend in atteſted Accompts;—and thoſe indebted, particularly the Purchaſers at the ſeveral Vendues, who have not ſettled, to make immediate Payment, or ſettle to the Satisfaction of

ROBERT SMITH,
ALEXANDER GILLON, } *Executors.*

For SALE,

A HOUSE and LOT, in *George-Street, Auſtinborough,* Forty-one Feet wide, and Two Hundred and Forty-two Feet deep, with every neceſſary Out-Building for a genteel Family, and a Well of exceeding good Water.—Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply, in *Union-Street-Continued,* to JOHN MATTHEWS.

Where the SHOE-MAKING BUSINESS is carried on as uſual, and DRAWING BOOT-LEGS, of the beſt Quality, always ready.

N. B. He deſires thoſe whoſe Accounts have been long ſtanding, to diſcharge them immediately.

MADERA WINE

To be SOLD at private Sal

SEVERAL PIPE OF

London & York Madera WINE

Of an excellent Quality, and near *Four* Years old.

*** In Order to cloſe the Sales, they will be ſold *very ch* and a reaſonable Credit allowed.

Alſo, A great Variety of faſhionable Sill

To be SOLD at *Eight* and an *Half* for *One,* CASH.

ROGER SMITH

☞ Who deſires all thoſe indebted to the l: Co-partnerſhip of THOMAS-LOUGHTON & ROGER SMITH; the Eſtates of JOHN MACKENZIE, and ANDREW RUTLEDGE, deceaſed; and the Co-partnerſhip of COX & PROSSER, late of *Stoney* Creek, immediately to diſcharge their reſpective Debts, otherwiſe they will poſitively be ſued, as no longer Indulgence will be allowed.

White and coloured Plains,

Of an extra Width and Quality,

Imported in the LIVE-OAK, *Captain* LUNDBERRY, *from* BRISTOL,

To be Sold by EDWARD SIMONS,

At his STORE on CHAMPNEYS's *Wharf;*

Being for the Account of MAURICE SIMONS, who purchaſed them directly from the Manufacturers, and will be diſpoſed of at the uſual Advance.

The SUBSCRIBER,

Being duly authorized by Mr. JOHN BROWN (*who is going to reſide in the Country*) *to manage his Affairs in Town,*

Will SELL by public Sale,

At the Vendue-Houſe in CHARLES-TOWN,

On TUESDAY *the 28th of* September *next,*

At TWELVE o'Clock,

Thoſe four new Tenements,

Lately built in *Allen-Street,* joining Lots now the Property of Mr. GEORGE BLAKIE, and the Eſtate of CALEB EASTON; each Tenement renting at £.100 per Annum, Three of which are now tenanted for One Year certain, and the other ready to be lett; the ſame being very commodious, two Stories high, each Tenement Twelve Feet in Front on *Allen-Street,* and in Depth Thirty-eight Feet eight Inches, more or leſs, having Kitchens and other Conveniences.

The ſame will be ſold altogether or ſeparate, as will be moſt agreeable, one third CASH will be required upon the Delivery of the Titles; and for the Remainder, a *Twelve* Months Credit, paying Intereſt, and giving Security.

JACOB VALK.

N. B. In the mean While, any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe at private Sale, may apply as above.

To be SOLD at public Vendue,

On FRIDAY the 2d of *October* next,

ALL the Perſonal Eſtate of Mr. WILLIAM HULL, late of Prince *George*'s Pariſh, *Winyah,* deceaſed, conſiſting of about FIFTY valuable SLAVES;—amongſt which are Coopers, Sawyers, Houſe-Wenches, and handy Boys and Girls;—the Houſhold Furniture, Horſes, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, and Plantation-Tools, &c.—Alſo, Two Boats, one of which will carry 30 or 40 Barrels of Rice; the other is a good Rowing-Boat.

The Conditions of the Sale are, all Sums under *Twenty Pounds* to be Caſh, and for all above, Credit to the *Firſt* of *January,* 1774, with Intereſt from the Day of Sale, and approved Security, if required.—The Property not to be altered until the Terms are complied with.

GEORGE EVANS, *Acting-Executor.*

To be LETT,

And may be entered on immediately,

The Subſcriber's Front Store and Cellar,

Situated in BROAD-STREET.

Enquire of SIMON TUFTS.

To be SOLD at public Outcry,

At the Vendue-Houſe in CHARLES-TOWN,

On *Tueſday* the 14th of *September* next,

At TWELVE *o'Clock at* NOON,

THAT very valuable and pleaſant Tract of LAND, on the North Side of Black River, about ſix Miles from George-Town, known by the Name of Mrs. *Brown*'s Land; now divided into two Tracts or Plantations, and will be ſet up as follows, *viz.*

No. I. The Upper Tract, which joins to Peter's Creek, containing about Five Hundred and Eighty-ſeven Acres—One Hundred and Twenty of which is as fine Tide Swamp as any in the Province:——*Alſo,* about Forty-five Acres of good back Swamp, which is well timbered with Cypreſs; and all the high Land is well timbered with very fine Pine, which, being ſo near a Market, makes it very convenient for Sawing.

No. II. The Lower Tract, which contains about Five Hundred and Sixty-three Acres—One Hundred and Twenty alſo of which is Tide Swamp, and Forty-five Acres Back Swamp.—This Tract is the ſame in Quality as the other.

On each of the Tracts is a very pleaſant Bluff for a Settlement.——The Plat of which may be ſeen at Mr. WELL's Store on the Bay.

The Conditions of the Sale will be Six Months Credit for one Half of the Purchaſe-Money, and Eighteen Months for the other Half, paying Intereſt, and giving approved Security, to HESTER BROWN.

THE Owner or Owners of the following STRAYS, muſt prove the Property before the Subſcriber, in *Prince William*'s Pariſh, *Granville* County, *viz.*

A brown Bay STALLION, about Twelve Hands and an Half high, Three Years old, unbroke, branded on the mounting Buttock and off Shoulder with an obſcure Brand thus q.

A ſorrel Three-year old FILLEY, Twelve Hands high, unbroke, one white hind Leg, with a ſmall Snip on her Noſe branded on the off Shoulder 83.

A pale Bay FILLEY, Two Years old, with a Star in her Forehead. JAMES SMITH.

CHARLES-TOWN, SEPTEMBER 6.

THE GREAT CHARTER, *Magna Charta*, through the Medium of the HABEAS CORPUS ACT (made of Force in this Province) laſt Friday Evening, delivered the Body of THOMAS POWELL, (one of the Printers of this Gazette) from Confinement in the *Common-Jail* of Charles-Town, to which it had been committed, on he preceding Tueſday, on a Warrant from the Preſident of His Majeſty's *Council*, ſtiling *themſelves* an UPPER-HOUSE of ASSEMBLY, and aſſuming the *Powers* of a Houſe of Lords.—The preſent being the *firſt* Inſtance in this Province (perhaps America) of a Commitment of this Kind. Every Particular of this important Tranſaction, will be given in a future Paper.

On the 19th ult. John Kenward, Eſq; His Majeſty's Ordnance Store-Keeper at St. Auguſtine, was married to Miſs Maria-Elizabeth Welſhuyſen, Daughter of the late Daniel Welſhuyſon, Eſq; of this Province.

The Maſter of a Veſſel from North-Carolina, mentions the Death of Captain Croſs, Commander of His Majeſty's Sloop Tamar.

Laſt Tueſday embarked in the Brigt. Sea-Nymph, Captain Blewer, for Philadelphia, Mrs. Ratcliffe, Mrs. Sage, Henry Smith, Eſq; and Son, a Son of Benjamin Smith, Eſq; Mr. Joſiah Smith, jun. Mr. Dearington, of St. Thomas's, Mr. Reynolds, of Edisto, Mr. Bellamy, Mr. Douglaſs, Manager of a Company of Comedians, whoſe Theatre *(erecting by Subſcription)* is going on with rapid Progreſs, and ſeveral other Paſſengers.

"Laſt Week died, Mrs. Sarah Mitchell, Wife of John Mitchell, Eſq;—A Woman of much Piety, Generoſity, and Truth—a condeſcending dutiful Wife—a loving, indulgent Parent—kind and obliging to all her Relations. Tho' her Acquaintance was courted by many, yet ſhe confined it to few: Her Charity was extenſive, for the Objects were many; her Benevolence univerſal, and her Death greatly lamented: Of whom Solomon hath ſaid, in the xxxiſt Chap. of the Proverbs, *Her Children ariſe up, and call her bleſſed; her Huſband alſo, and he praiſeth her.—Favour is deceitful, and Beauty vain, but a Woman that feareth the Lord, ſhe ſhall be praiſed.*"

From a late LONDON PAPER.

"A Correſpondent informs us, that Hanover-Square is ſoon to be adorned with a Statue of the Right Honourable the Earl of Hillſborough. The Statue is to be of *Lead, well-bronzed*, in Front, to give it the apteſt Reſemblance of the Original. The Train will be ſupported by Otis, Adams, and Cuſhing. He will be in the Act of ſpurning ſome Scrolls of Paper, repreſenting the American Charters, with the Motto, "Maſſachuſet is my Waſh-pot, and South-Carolina my Footſtool!" His Letter to reſcind will entwine his Head like a Laurel Wreath. The Pedeſtal is to be ornamented with the Trophies which General Dalrymple gained when he was driven out of Boſton; and the Female Figure, repreſenting Britannia, is to preſent him with a *Broom*, as an Emblem of the State to which His Lordſhip's Wiſdom and Virtue have advanced our American Commerce. As the Deſign is executing by one of the firſt Men in Europe, it is expected to be a Maſter-piece of its Kind."

Price of Rice, 75*ſ.* per 100lb.—Indian Corn, as in our laſt.

An exact Liſt of Creatures ſold in the Lower-Market, *in* Charles-Town, *from the Firſt of* March, *to the* 31*ſt of* Auguſt, 1773, *inclusive, being Six Months.*

	Calves	Sheep.	Lambs	Hogs.	Shoats.	Beeves	Deer.	Total.
From the Firſt of *March* to the 31ſt of *Aug.* inclusive,	2073	958	1127	84	606	222	44	
In the Six preceding Months,	910	661	661	846	2241	456	156	
Beſides the above, there have been ſeized and condemned 486lb of Butter, and	26	1	11	0	10	4	0	
Total of different Creatures in One Year,	3009	1620	1799	930	2857	682	200	11097

JOHN CALVERT, *Clerk.*

Timothy's Marine Liſt.

Auguſt	Arrivals at Charles-Town,	*From*
30*th.*	Ship Brudenell, Hudſon,	New-York
	Snow Nelly, James Maychell,	Africa
	Brigt. Diamond, John Toman,	Africa
31*ſt.*	Sloop Polly, Francis Stevens,	North-Carolina
	Sloop Peggy, Joſhua Strant,	Salem
	Sloop Suſannah, Joſiah Chadwick,	North-Carolina
Sept. 1.	Scooner Betſy & Polly, Samuel Stone,	Georgia
2*d.*	Sloop Diſpatch, Ephraim Gilbert,	Jamaica
3*d.*	Sloop Good-Intent, George Ball,	Providence
6*th.*	Ship Yeamans, John Harbiſon,	Jamaica
	Sloop Polly, John Conyers,	Virginia
Auguſt	Sailed.	*For*
31*ſt.*	Brigt. Sea-Nymph, Joſeph Blewer,	Philadelphia
Sept. 3.	Brigt. Neptune, Thomas Holberton,	Plymouth
	Brigt. Charles-Town Packet, S. Wright,	Philadelphia
	Scooner Lark, John Stirrup,	Providence
4*th.*	Scooner Mary, John Young,	Hiſpaniola
5*th.*	Scooner Savannah-Packet, John Turner,	Georgia
	Remain windbound or cleared.	*For*
	Brigt. Elliott, John Waring,	North-Carolina
	Sloop Charles-Town, Daniel Monro,	Rhode-Iſland
	Near loaded, or may ſail betwixt this and our next.	
	Ship Live-Oak, Andrew Lundberry,	Oporto
	Ship Two-Brothers, Hugh Glen,	Liverpoole
	Ship Walworth, Conolly McCauſland,	Philadelphia
	Brigt. Patience, Thomas Hele-Gift,	Providence
	Scooner Dolphin, Thomas Bowditch,	Salem
	Scooner Rebecca, Joſeph Veſey,	St. Kitts
	Entered out beſides the above,	*For*
	Ship Jaſon, George Merrick,	Briſtol
	Brigt. Liberty, Stephen Seymour,	Barbados
	Brigt. Charming Betſy, Duncan M'Neill,	Liverpoole
	Brigt. Yorick, Elijah Steel,	Barbados
	Scooner Fancy, Jeremiah Dickinſon,	Grenada
	Sloop Hope, John Tunnard,	Liverpoole
	Sloop Ranger, Richard King,	St. Kitts
	Other Veſſels in Port.	
	His Majeſty's Frigate Lizard, Cha. Inglis, Eſq; Com.	
	Ship Charming Sally, George Fortune,	Briſtol
	Ship York, Robert Wilſon,	Liverpoole
	Snow Proteus, John Paplay,	
	Snow Heron, Robert Calder,	
	Brigt. Heart-of Oak, Robert Patterſon,	London
	Brigt. Neptune, William Thomſon,	Jamaica
	Brigt. Lovely Jenny, Lawrence Harvey,	
	Scooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia
	Scooner Exchange, John Willis,	
	Scooner Suky & Katy, C. Dawſon,	Georgia
	Scooner Suſannah,	
	Scooner Sally,	
	Sloop Katy, Barent De Klyn,	Hiſpaniola
	Sloop Benjamin, Richard Newbold,	
	Sloop Friendſhip, Val. Clark,	Barbados
	Sloop Three Friends, Thomas Smith,	St. Croix

New Advertiſements.

BOWEN's Patent SAGO,

So much and generally eſteemed in the ROYAL NAVY and the AFRICAN TRADE,

As an Anticorbutic, and the only Cure for the Flux,

Sold by Z. KINGSLEY,

At his Store in BEDON's-ALLEY.

ITS Uſes are ſo well known, as to need no Recommendation, being approved of by the Royal Society, the Royal College of Phyſicians, and the Society for the Encouragement of Arts, Manufactures, and Commerce.—Its good Effects are likewiſe vouched by Captain COOKE, of His Majeſty's Ship *Endeavour*, Mr. BANKES and Dr. SOLANDER, during their Voyage round the World in the ſame Ship, as appears by their Report ſince their Return.

Likewiſe, To be SOLD at the ſame Place,

BOWEN's Patent SOY.

JOHN BROWN,

DYER and SCOURER,

Next Door to Mr. JOHN HATFIELD's *in* King-Street,

HAS NOW RECEIVED,

A freſh Supply of Dying Drugs,

And aſſures the Ladies and Gentlemen, that their Orders will be punctually and ſpeedily diſcharged.

To be SOLD,

A ſenſible, healthy, young Negro Woman,

PLANTATION BORN;

With a CHILD, five Weeks old, ſo that ſhe is fit either for a Wet-Nurſe or Houſhold-Buſineſs.—Enquire at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the *Exchange*.

To be SOLD,

Eleven Prime, Healthy, Young,

NEW NEGROES,

JUST ARRIVED;

Fine Muſcovado Sugar in Hogſheads;

Old Vidonia and Fyal WINE,

In Pipes and Quarter Caſks;

Alſo, A few Hogſheads of TOBACCO,

By Alexander Gillon & Co.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

A complete Waiting MAN,

Who can be recommended for his Honeſty, Sobriety, and Diligence.—He is ſold for no Fault. Enquire at the Printing-Office on the *Bay*, near the *Exchange*.

To be SOLD reaſonably,

At PRIVATE SALE,

A Lot of Land in *Colleton*'s Square,

Very pleaſantly ſituated, containing Ninety Feet in Front, and One Hundred Feet in Depth;—Two good Lots may be made of it, if thought too large for one.

Enquire of JOHN-GABRIEL GUIGNARD.

For SALE by private Contract,

And may be taken Poſſeſſion of in February *next,*

A Plantation or Tract of Land on *John*'s Iſland, containing Two Hundred Acres, adjoining Lands of *Mrs. Stoutenburgh, Edward Fenwicke*, Eſq; *Mr. Thomas Ladſon*, and *Mr. Abraham Waight*; the greateſt Part choice Rice Land, the Remainder fit for Proviſions or Indico. If required, a reaſonable Credit will be given, on Intereſt, and approved Security. Apply to

WILLIAM HORT.

To be SOLD,

At the uſual Place in CHARLES-TOWN,

On *Tueſday* the 14*th* of *September* Inſt.

At TWELVE o'Clock in the Forenoon,

A Valuable LOT of LAND in *King-Street*, fronting a Street that runs through the *South-Carolina* Society's Land to the BAY, containing in Front on *King-ſtreet* Fifty-two Feet, and One Hundred and Fifty-ſeven Feet five Inches in Depth, with Two good Dwelling-Houſes thereon, one of them a Two-ſtory Houſe, Thirty-ſeven Feet by Nineteen, raiſed on a Brick Foundation of Eight Feet from the Ground, with a Piazza on the South Side and Weſt End; containing Six good Rooms, Two of which are on a Ground Floor,—the Whole built of the very beſt Materials, and genteely finiſhed.

The other is alſo a Two-ſtory Houſe, Thirty-four Feet by Seventeen, with a Piazza on the Weſt End, and raiſed the ſame Height from the Ground as the other; containing Four good Rooms, and Two on a Ground Floor, plainly finiſhed.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe at, or before the Day of Sale, may view the Premiſes, and be informed of the Conditions, by applying to JOHN FULLERTON, or the Subſcriber on the Premiſes.

ALEXANDER ADAMSON.

Two Thouſand Pounds Currency,

Are WANTED on Intereſt.

Enquire at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange.

JOSHUA LOCKWOOD,

Has juſt imported in the Snow Polly, John Rainier, *from* LONDON,

The following ASSORTMENT OF

Jewellery and Hard-Ware,

From the MAKERS, viz.

SILVER, Princes Metal, Steel, and Braſs-mounted Guns and Piſtols;

Silver and plated Eagle-headed and plain-handled Cutteaux-de-Chaſſe;

Silk and Morocco Belts for Ditto;

Table Knives and Forks of all Sorts, from 30*ſ.* to 30*l.* per Dozen;

Childrens Ditto;

Come Ditto with Ivory Hefts and Blades;

Fine caſt and common Razors;

Gentlemen's fine Razor-Caſes, complete;

Barlow's fine Convex Pen-Knives;

Common Ditto of all Sorts;

Gentlemens Pocket Ditto;

Marooning or Roll Ditto;

Cutteau Ditto of all Sorts;

Cucumber-Butters;

Ditto to cut Cheeſe for toaſting;

Braſs and Steel Nut-Crakers;

Fine high-poliſhed Steel Snuffers and Stands, pierced and plain;

Fine Steel, and Princes Metal Snuffers and Pans;

Princes Mettal and Braſs Candleſticks, of the neweſt Patterns;

Plated Ditto;

A large and faſhionable Aſſortment of Plated Buckles, on Copper, Steel, and Iron;

Some fine Maccaroni Ditto;

A large Aſſortment of handſome Pinchbeck and Metal Buckles, of all Sizes, Wholeſale and Retail;

Fine Mourning Ditto of all Sorts;

Labelled and flowered Paper Bottle Stands;

Japanned Ditto;

Very curious open-work Ditto, japanned;

Ebony and plated Ink-Stands;

Plated and Ebony Cruet Ditto, with Cruets;

Paper and japanned Quadrille Diſhes;

Bread Trays, and Knife Ditto;

London Pound and Blanket Pins, Needles and Fiſh-Hooks, Wholeſale and Retale;

Money Scales and Weights;

Scales of all Sorts;

German and common Flutes;

Army, Concert, and common Fifes and Hautboys;

Reeds for Ditto;

Baſſoon Reeds;

Violins and Caſes, with ſpare Bows and Bridges, and Hair for Bows;

Plated Spurs of all Sorts;

Steel-ſpring and common Ditto;

Green Silk Purſes;

Cane and Watch Strings;

Pocket-Books of all Sorts, with and without Inſtruments;

Ladies fine Etwee-Caſes, ſome of Tortoiſe-ſhell, inlaid with Gold and Silver in Flowers;

Snuff-Boxes and Toothpick Caſes of the ſame;

Beautiful Filligree Ditto, both papered and enamelled, of various Sorts and Figures;

Entire new Pattern high-poliſhed Ladies and Gentlemens Steel Watch-Chains;

Sundry other Sorts of Ditto;

Canes, with Gold, Silver, and Gilt Heads, ſome with Swords in the Head;

Ivory and Bullet-headed Ditto;

Crab-Tree and Hazel Sticks;

Smelling-Bottles of all Sorts;

Ladies Turtle-ſhell Pole and opening Combs and Caſes;

Ivory and Horn Ditto of all Sorts;

Some of the fineſt Gaffs for Cocks, ever imported;

Lancets in Caſes;

Cork-Screws of all Sorts;

Labelled Corks, and enamelled Labels;

Silver, Ivory, and Bone Nutmeg-Graters;

Tambour Needles with Ivory Handles;

Gold and Silver Thread and Spangles for Tambour Work;

Ivory Vices, with Reels, and ſome with Pincuſhions;

Silver, Plated, Steel and Copper Pencil-Caſes;

Pencil Caſes, and Pencils;

Ladies Sciſſars, from 5*ſ.* to 35*ſ.* a Pair;

Plated Bridle-Bitts and Stirrups;

Temple and Bow Spectacles and Caſes, of all Prices;

Reading Glaſſes;

Mahogany and Shagreen Knife-Caſes;

Gold, Silver, and Pinchbeck Seals, of the neweſt Patterns;

Ladies Trinkets;

Ditto Stone Shoe-Buckles and Stay-Hooks;

Knee and Stock Stone Buckles;

Silver Shoe, Knee, and Stock Ditto;

Childrens Claſps;

Moco, Garnet, and Cryſtal Sleeve-Buttons, ſet in Gold;

Plain Ditto;

A neat Aſſortment of Stone Rings;

Paſte, Marcaſite and Wax Ear-Rings (but more expected in the next Veſſels;)

A neat Aſſortment of mourning Ear-Rings;

Hair Sprigs and Pins;

Paſte Ditto of the neweſt Patterns;

Plain Gold and Garnet Hair Lockets, and Stone Croſſes;

Childrens Gold Neck Lockets, and Coral Necklaces;

Ladies and Gentlemens Garnet Breaſt-Buckles;

Gentlemens plain Gold and Foil Stone Ditto;

Plain Silver, Stone, and gilt Sleeve Buttons;

Garnet Ear-Rings;

Bobs and Wires, ſet in Gold;

Tambour Hat Bands;

Buttons and Loops, both Gold and Silver;

Sets of fine Water-Colours for Drawing, ready prepared, Thirty in a Set;

Indian Ink;

Leaf Gold and Pencils,

&c. &c. &c.

With a Number of other Articles too tedious to enumerate, and ſhall ſoon receive another large Aſſortment of Jewellery Articles from London, the Arrival of which he ſhall take Care to inform his Friends and the Public of.—In the mean Time, he returns them his moſt grateful Thanks for their paſt Favours, and earneſtly ſolicits for a Continuance of their Cuſtom; and aſſures them, that as he gets all his Articles directly from the Makers, that none in this Province, *can*, or *ſhall*, ſell on lower Terms than he will: Indeed his former Sales, he hopes, have already convinced his Cuſtomers, that he ſells as cheap as any other of the Trade, and declares upon his Word, that his Articles are not in the leaſt inferior to theirs, though ſeveral of them are much under their Prices.—He likewiſe now takes the Liberty of informing his Friends and Cuſtomers, that he has engaged to pay thoſe he has his Goods from, punctually once a Year, therefore hopes his Cuſtomers will not think him unreaſonable in requeſting annual Payments from them; for unleſs they are able him to keep up his Credit at Home, it will be impoſſible for him to ſupply them on the low Terms he means to do.

N. B. He deſires thoſe who intend to frequent his Shop, will take Notice, that it is ſituated in *Broad-Street*, at the very Corner of *Union-Street*, and thinks it neceſſary to inform the Public of this Particular, in order that they may not miſtake his Shop; for a Perſon, in the ſame Buſineſs, has placed himſelf in one, the next Door to him; whoſe Views in ſo doing are obvious.

To be LET,

THE Plantation and Ferry on the *River*, not Six Miles from *Town*, commonly called SCOTT's.

BARNARD BEEKMAN.

o Mr. *John Ledyard*, of *Melksham*, in *Wiltshire*.

SIR,

I CONCEIVE it to be my indispensable Duty, whenever any Thing is published, tending to depreciate the Value, or injure the Reputation, of CAROLINA INDICO, without any just Cause, to point out its Fallacy, whether it originated from Misinformation, Design, or Accident.

And therefore, I must take upon me to remark, upon your Letter of the 19th of May, inserted in Mr. WELLS's Paper of the 23th Instant,

1st. That the Oyster-Shell Lime used in this Province, in the making of Indico, is not only of sufficient Strength, but preferable to Stone Lime.

2dly. That more than one Trial was made of your Lime, so much to the Cost of the Planter, that above One Hundred Vats of Indico have been spoiled by the Experiment: For,

3dly. That the Indico made with Stone Lime, proved to be a hard flinty Blue or shining Copper, 30 per Cent. inferior to the Mellow Kind made in the usual Way, which, though it does not look so well, is certainly the right Dyer's Indico. This Inferiority I assert upon fair Trials by me made.

4thly. That you seem to assert too much, when you say, "CAROLINA INDICO is so far from growing better, that one "Pound of the best Spanish Flora will yield as much Colour "as Twenty-four Pounds of some lately imported from this "Province."

Give me Leave to tell you Sir, That such an Assertion does not clearly appear to be meant to serve either the Maker or Exporter of CAROLINA INDICO. If it can be true, it must have been common Fig Blue (one Pound of which contains about one Ounce of real Indico) sent Home purposely to impose on the Ignorant, or to serve some other more base Purpose.

If you would acquit yourself from any Suspicion of an unworthy Design, it will be easy for you to declare, to Messrs. WRAXALL, HALL, & Co. or Messrs. NEUFVILLE & ROLLESTON, Merchants in Bristol, at what Stores, and from and whom it was bought: For,

I do aver (and my long Experience in Dyes will justify me in it) that I have never met with any CAROLINA INDICO so very bad: And, that the true Value of such Indico, the Produce of this Province, as I have garbled, sorted and sealed, is in the following Proportion; when the best French or Spanish sells at 7*s.* the Pound, viz.

CAROLINA,	First Sort, is worth	—	5*s.* 9*d.*
	Second,	— —	4*s.* 2*d.*
	Third,	— —	2*s.* 9*d.*

I will add, that of one Pound if a certain Root, which will open the Pores instead of binding them, is thrown into a Vat, the Difference between the CAROLINA and Foreign Indico will scarce be perceptible, or worth mentioning: Of this Root I have desired Messrs. WRAXALL & Co. to deliver you a Pound, as well as to distribute some among such other Dyers as shall appear to them to merit the Discovery of such a Secret.

To give you the best Opportunity of proving, whether you are really friendly to the Culture of British Colony Indico; and also to convince you, that I desire no more than that the Indico of this Province may have a fair Chance or Trial for its Reputation, the Gentlemen above-mentioned will also deliver you, in my Name, Seven Pounds and an Half of my First Sort, the same Quantity of my Second, and also of my Third, that you may have its comparative Value, with the best French or Spanish, duly ascertained—After which, I would beg you to make a Declaration thereof before the Worshipful Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Bristol, and then deliver the same to my Correspondents there, to be transmitted hither, for Publication.

ou will do so much, I shall then have a more favourable n of your Publications than I have hitherto entertained, ill remain, Sir,

Your Friend and humble Servant,

CHARLES-TOWN, Aug. 16th, 1773. } MOSES LINDO.

JOHN WILSON,

At his Store in BROAD-STREET,

Hath imported, in the YORICK, *Capt.* STEEL, *from* LONDON, *The* CHARMING SALLY, *Captain* FORTUNE, *and the* LIVE-OAK, *Captain* LUNDERRY, *from* BRISTOL,

A fresh Assortment of Goods,

Which he will sell on the usual Terms for Cash,

Or to those who take a Quantity to SELL AGAIN.

Fashionable Broad Cloths and Trimmings,

Cassimirs, Satinnets, Corde du Roy, *&c.*

A Large Choice of Thread, Blond, and aces and Edgings; Fringe for trimming Muslin; of the latest Taste; Gauzes; black and white Net; Net and Lace Hoods; Womens and Childrens Caps; at black and coloured Satin Pumps; white, red, and purple Leather Ditto; and black Calamanco Ditto, with French Heels; Silk and Satin Petticoats, &c.

Bohea, Souchong, Green, and Hyson TEAS; LOAF SUGAR, &c.

A Consignment of white, blue, and green PLAINS, some of an extra Quality, and Duffil Blankets, to be sold dispose of much under the usual Terms, for Cash or short Credit.

JUST OPENED,

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

White, green, and blue Negro Cloth AND DUFFILS,

of extraordinary good Width and Quality, purchased from the Manufactory, with sundry Articles arrived by the *Live Oak*, from BRISTOL;—which will be sold Wholesale or Retail, at the Store in this Province,

JAMES WAKEFIELD.

WHEREAS a Negro Fellow was in the Month of *February* last, about Eleven Years old, or near *Queen-Street*, from whom was taken a Pair of Gold Ear-Rings, a Gold Breach, a Heart, some Silver Rings, &c.—And whereas Information is lately made, of the Person with whom the Goods are deposited. The Owner or Owners of the said Goods are further informed of them, by applying to

W. CALCOTT, J. P.

ATKINS & WESTON,

HAVE JUST IMPORTED,

A Stock of best Family-Medicines,

ALL WARRANTED GENUINE;

To be SOLD, WHOLESALE *or* RETAILE,

At CHEAP as possible.

MACKENZIE & TUNNO

Have imported by Captain ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,

Their ANNUAL SUPPLY OF

White and coloured PLAINS;

Which they will dispose of on very reasonable Terms,

At their COMPTING-HOUSE on the BAY.

JUST ARRIVED,

In the ST. HELENA, *Captain* ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,

STRIP'D DUFFILS, AND

White and coloured PLAINS,

Of an exceeding good Quality,

To be SOLD remarkably CHEAP,

At our Store in JACKSONBURGH,

JOHN TUNNO & Comp.

SELLING OFF,

At EIGHT for ONE CASH, or EIGHT and an HALF for ONE on Credit to the First of *January* next,

At the Subscribers Store on the BAY,

Their large & complete Assortment OF

DRY GOODS;

Consisting of such Articles as are usually imported into this Province:

Which are all FRESH, being but lately imported.

JAMIESON, SIMONS, & Co.

A PARCEL of exceeding good

MADERA WINE,

Just imported in the Brigt. UNION, Captain NORTH, from *Madera*, to be SOLD for Cost and Charges,

By MILES BREWTON.

For SALE by private Contract,

Two Town Lots, contiguous,

Pleasantly situated in JACKSONBOROUGH,

ON which are a good Dwelling-House, with Stables for Eight Horses, a new Kitchen, and all other necessary Out-Buildings, with a good Spring of Water.

Also, *To be SOLD*, CHEAP,

A well-toned HARPSICHORD.

Apply to JAMES WILSON, Wine-Merchant, on the *Bay*.

WANTED,

A furnished Dining-Room and Bed-Chamber.

To be SOLD,

Fifty Dozens of old *Port* WINE,

AND

Some very good bottled PORTER.

Also, To be LET, unfurnished,

An exceeding pleasant ROOM,

Up one Pair of Stairs, with a large Balcony.——Enquire at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange.

The Plantation at the *Horse-Shoe*,

Belonging to Mr. WILLIAM JONES,

Is to be SOLD by the Subscriber,

In whose Hands the Plat and Titles are left, it contains 1286 Acres, about 600 of which are good Swamp, where for Twelve Years past never less than Twelve large Barrels of Rice were made to each Hand, the Remainder good Timber and Corn Land. JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

From whom a Negro Fellow named *Paris*, well known at *Ponpon* and *Goose-Creek*, is RUN AWAY; THREE POUNDS will be given for delivering him to me, and THIRTYY POUNDS Reward, if harboured by a white Person, on Conviction of the Offender.

For SALE, by private Contract,

Sundry large and valuable Lots of Land,

In HARLESTON.

The Situation of which is well known to be as pleasant and airy as any in CHARLES-TOWN. Apply to

EDWARD HARLESTON,
JOHN HARLESTON,
ISAAC HARLESTON, or
THOMAS CORBETT.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the Subscriber's Pasture, near *Goose-Creek* Bridge, in the Night of *Tuesday* the Twentieth Day of *July* last, a Strawberry roan HORSE, about Fourteen Hands and an Half high, with a black Mane and Tail, and black Legs; branded on the near Buttock PR, and on the mounting Shoulder with the Bottom of a Bar Stirrup-Iron.—Whoever delivers the said Horse to the Subscriber, near the said Bridge, shall receive a Reward of TEN POUNDS Currency;—if stolen, upon Conviction of the Offender, a Reward of FIFTY POUNDS Currency.

JAMES HARRISON.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, MAY 30, 1773.

WHEREAS His Majesty, by his Order in Council, dated at ST. JAMES's, the 7th Day of *April*, 1773, has been pleased to signify, That, having taken into his Royal Consideration, the Justice and Expediency of subjecting the Grantees of LANDS in his Colonies and Plantations in *America*, to other Conditions than those at present prescribed in the Instructions given to His Majesty's Governors in the said Plantations; and that the Authority for granting Lands, contained in the Commissions and Instructions given to his Majesty's said Governors, should be further regulated and restrained: And, that he had therefore been pleased to order, That the Lords Commissioners for Trade and Plantations, should take into their immediate Consideration, the Powers and Authorities contained in the said Commissions and Instructions, and represent unto His Majesty such Alterations as they shall think fit and necessary to be made therein. And, that it was his Royal Will and Pleasure, that in the mean Time, and until His Majesty's further Pleasure should be signified, that no Warrant of Survey for Land should issue, nor any Patent for Land pass, unless to such Commission or Non Commission Officers or Soldiers, as are intitled to Grants for Lands, by Virtue of His Majesty's Royal Proclamation, dated the 7th Day of *October*, 1763: I do hereby give *Public Notice* thereof, to all whom it may concern.

By Order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor,

JAMES SIMPSON.

For SALE by private Contract,

The following Tracts of LAND,

In the Parish of ST. JAMES, SANTEE,

ONE Thousand Acres well timbered with the best of Pine Trees, only One Mile from Mr. MOUZON's Landing, on the Sea Shore, where Boats of any Burthen may load, about Thirty-five Miles from *Charles-Town* by Land or Water, which renders it particularly convenient for Lumber.

Six Hundred Acres, adjoining the above and Lands of Mr. NATHAN LEGARE, One Hundred of which is tolerable good Rice Land, some good Provision Land; the Remainder the best timbered with good Pine Trees of any Lands thereabouts.

Seven Hundred Acres, adjoining the above, One Hundred and Fifty of which is good Cypress and Tupelo Swamp. This Tract will make a valuable Settlement, being well adapted for Planting and Sawing, and is only Three Miles from a Landing.

One Thousand Five Hundred Acres, adjoining Lands of Mr. HORRY, and Mr. MAZYCK; most of this Tract is rich Rice Swamp, the Mold being Five or Six Feet deep before it gets to any bad Soil or Sand, which makes it of a very durable Nature, and is only Three Miles from the Sea Shore, where it may be easily drained into.

Also, His largest and valuable Plantation in *Prince Frederick*'s Parish, adjoining MURRAY's Ferry, containing One Thousand Seven Hundred Acres, Seven Hundred of which is Swamp, Five Hundred Acres of well timbered Oak and Hickory, and the Remainder Pine Lands. This Tract will be divided into Three smaller Ones, so as each Tract shall have an equal Quantity of Swamp.

They will be sold reasonable, and a very long Credit will be given, on giving approved Security, and paying the Interest annually.—Apply in CHARLES-TOWN, to

THEODORE GAILLARD, jun.

To be LET,

And may be entered on immediately,

The large and convenient TAVERN,

At RANTOWLE's *Bridge.*

For Particulars, enquire of WILLIAM LONG, Merchant, at *Stono*, or DARBY PENDERGRASS, in *Charles Town.*

*** Any Person that takes the House, may have the Furniture in it, at FIRST COST.

RUN-AWAY from the Subscriber,

A Negro BOY, named *Bretbort*,

About Four Feet Seven Inches high; had on when he went away, a striped Home-spun Jacket, and short Trowsers, has no Country Marks, and talks very good English.——Whoever takes up the said Boy, and will deliver him to me, or to Mr. JAMES FALLOWS, on the *Bay*, shall have ONE DOLLAR Reward, and all reasonable Charges:—And, whoever harbours or entertains said Negro, may depend on being prosecuted, as far as the Law will allow, by

EDWARD HAWKINS.

N. B. He has Three or Four white Specks on his upper Lip, seemingly occasioned by a Scald.

JAMES LOCKARIDGE, informs me of a white MARE, about Thirteen Hands and an Half high, Ten Years old, and trotts, branded on the right Shoulder and Buttock IE, on the off Buttock GE;—she has a Lump below her left Ear, and is very broad on the Top of her Shoulders.

June the 29th, 1773.

WILLIAM SMITH, of a brown Two-year old HEIFER, marked with a Swallow Fork in each Ear.

July the 13th, 1773.

EDWARD McGEARY, of a dapple grey MARE, about Twelve Hands high, Seven Years old, paces and trots; branded on the off Buttock something like CO joining;—she has on about a 20*s.* Bell. *July the 14th*, 1773.

PETER YOUNGBLOOD, of a brown Bay MARE, about Fourteen Hands high, with some Saddle-Spots; branded on the nigh Shoulder IM, and on the off Shoulder with a Stirrup-Iron. *July the 17th*, 1773.

The Owners of the above Strays, must prove their Property before me, at *Long-Canes*.

WILLIAM CALHOUN, J. P.

CHARLES-TOWN, SEPTEMBER 1, 1773.

AGREEABLE to the Directions of an Act of the General Assembly of this Province, intituled, "An "ACT, to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD;"

I HAVE enquired the Price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* Colonies, to be at SIX POUNDS and FIFTEEN SHILLINGS per Hundred lb. Weight, and *Carolina* Flour at FOUR POUNDS and FIFTEEN SHILLINGS (being both used by the Bakers); at which Price the HALF CROWN Loaves must weigh as follows:

Of NORTHWARD Flour.	lb.	oz.	dr.
WHITE,	1	10	8
WHEATEN,	2	7	12
HOUSHOLD,	3	5	0

Of CAROLINA Flour.	lb.	oz.	d.
WHITE,	2	2	0
WHEATEN,	3	3	0
HOUSHOLD,	4	4	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due Notice.

GEORGE SHEED, *Commissary-General.*

Supplement to the South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1968.] MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1773.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by *T. POWELL* & Comp. at the Printing-Office near the EXCHANGE.

JUST ARRIVED,

And will be Sold reasonably, at my Store in Broad-ſtreet,

White and coloured Plains;

BLUE Strouds; beſt white Wine Vinegar; Sheet and Bar Lead; Saddle-Trees; beſt Crown Glaſs, 10 by 8, 12 by 9, 12 by 10, and 14 by 12; Copper-plate black and red Chimney Tiles; Chair Hamneſſes; *Hardham's* beſt Rappee Snuff, No. 9 and 45; ſingle and double Gold Vellum Lace; Gold and Silver Epaulets; Gold and Silver ſpangled Buttons; Gold and Silver Thread; *Parker's* old Porter in Bottles and Caſks; very fine Cyder and Perry; beſt blue Jar Raiſins, &c. &c.

ROGER SMITH.

LEGER & GREENWOOD,

Take the Liberty of informing their Friends,

That they have juſt received, by the CHARMING SALLY, *Capt.* FORTUNE, *and the* LIVE-OAK, *Capt.* LUNDBERRY,

Their white and coloured PLAINS;

Which they will ſell on the *uſual Terms*, at their Store in TOWN, and at ASHEPOO.

RICHARD WADE,

HAS IMPORTED,

A Variety of choice OLD WINES,

Which will be ſold on the moſt REASONABLE TERMS,

At his Store, the Corner of Elliott-Street, *on the* Bay,

VIZ.

OLD { Red Port Wine, White Port Ditto, Sherry Ditto, Sack, Mountain, | Old *Liſbon*, Ditto *London Madera* Do. *Carolina* Ditto, Claret, Brandy,

Fine *London* PORTER in Hogſheads;

ALSO,

Jamaica and *Weſt-India* RUM.

Any Perſon may be ſupplied from ONE DOZEN Bottles to TWENTY PIPES, if required.

GEORGE MULLINS,

Begs Leave to inform the Public and his Friends,

THAT he propoſes entering into the FACTORAGE BUSINESS in general, and as he has many Country Friends, who have repeatedly offered their Friendſhip, if placed in any way in their Sphere, which leads him now to offer himſelf in that Way, not doubting but he ſhall be able to tranſact any Buſineſs of that Kind, as well, and on as ſure a Footing, as any Perſon in the Province, having lived amongſt the Trading Part upwards of Ten Years.

Such of his Friends as pleaſe to favour him with their Crops, or any Part thereof, &c. may depend that he will ſtudy their Intereſt as his own, and their Favours will be moſt gratefully acknowledged.

N. B. He will keep his Counting-Houſe at his Store, oppoſite Meſſrs. MANSELL & CORBETT's, in *Tradd-Street*, where he will conſtantly keep a general Aſſortment of good Liquors, &c. &c. as before adverti[ſed].

Auguſt 4th, 1773.

For *Barbados*, on Charter,

OR ANY OF

The *Windward* ISLANDS,

The Brigt. *Lovely-Jenny*,

LAURENCE HARVEY, Maſter.

For Particulars, apply to ſaid Maſter, or

ISAAC PEACE.

Who has to HIRE out,

Some good HOUSE-NEGROES.

WILLIAM SWALLOW,

HAS IMPORTED,

In the laſt Veſſels from LONDON *and* BRISTOL,

AN Aſſortment of ſmall Anchors and Grapnals, Bridport, Eaſt-Coker, and Kirkham Sail Cloth, Ruſſia and Raven's Duck, Spike, Deck, and ſmall Nails of all Sizes;—Alſo a Quantity of Drawing Nails for Sheathing, White Lead, Spaniſh Brown and Yellow Oker, ground and dry; boiled and raw Linſeed Oil;—a Quantity of Sewing, Whipping, and Seine Twine;—Seamens Slops of all Kinds, with every other Article for Shipping, which he will diſpoſe of, at his Store on the Bay, on the loweſt Terms.

A few Hogſheads of beſt ſingle-refined SUGARS, to be ſold at a LOW ADVANCE:—Alſo, Two Pipes of old Red Port WINE, of the Vintage 1769.

TURNBULL & HEMETT,

TAYLORS,

Beg Leave to acquaint their Friends and the Public,

THAT they have taken a Shop in *Tradd-Street*, next Door but one to *John Dart's*, Eſq; and nearly oppoſite to Mrs. *Dawſon's*, where they intend to carry on their Buſineſs, in all its Branches; and hope that, by the Neatneſs of their Work, and ſteady Attention to Buſineſs, to give general Satisfaction to their Employers.

BOSTON, JUNE 25.

Report of the Committee on the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor's Letters.

IN conſidering the letters referred by the honourable Board to their Committee—the Committee thought it proper to ſelect from them ſome of the paragraphs, that appeared the moſt exceptionable, and to make on them ſuch obſervations as naturally and moſt obviouſly ariſe from the ſubject; and from the whole to form a reſult, that the paragraphs and obſervations would juſtify. Theſe obſervations are made with the utmoſt regret, not only on account of the diſtinguiſhed ſtations of the honourable Letter-Writers, but alſo on Account of their opinion, which has been entertained of their good diſpoſition to promote the intereſts and welfare of the province.

The letters we ſhall firſt notice are the ſix with the ſignature of his Excellency Thomas Hutchinſon, Eſq; Governor of this Province. They were all written while he was Lieutenant-Governor, and except the laſt in the adminiſtration of Governor Bernard.

His Excellency's letter, dated Boſton the 18th June, 1768, gives an account of the withdraw of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms from the town, repreſented to be in conſequence of a mob raiſed by the ſeizure of a Sloop ſome days before; and he is pleaſed to obſerve that "no notice was taken of their extravagance in the time of it, nor any endeavours by any authority except the Governor the next day, to diſcover and puniſh the offenders." "The Governor preſſed the Council to aſſiſt him with their advice, but they declined and evaded, calling it a bruſh or ſmall diſturbance by boys and Negroes, not conſidering how much it muſt be reſented in England, that the Officers of the Crown ſhould think themſelves obliged to quit the place of their reſidence, and go on board a King's ſhip for ſafety, and all the internal authority of the province take no notice of it."—This repreſentation remarkably correſponds with Governor Bernard's. We ſhall here only remark, that no notice could be taken of the mob's "extravagance in the time of it," as it happened in the evening, was ſudden, and of ſhort continuance: That the next day being Saturday, not only the Governor but the Council with him, agreed that an examination ſhould be made in the affair, in order to the diſcovery and puniſhment of the offenders; for which purpoſe the Governor appointed the next Monday morning. But for reaſons known to himſelf, he then put off the examination, and never after renewed the appointment of it. The Council therefore did not need the Governor to preſs them to aſſiſt him with their advice, nor did they decline or evade it: All which is manifeſt from their defence of themſelves in their proceedings of the 29th of July 1768, and in their letter to Lord Hillſborough of the 15th of April 1769; which ſhew, not only that Governor Bernard's repreſentation of the conduct of the Council in this affair, but alſo that Governor Hutchinſon's ſimilar repreſentation of it, is unkind, injurious and unjuſt. And this unkindneſs, injury and injuſtice were increaſed by his referring Mr. Whatley (or whoever this correſpondent was) to the letter bearer "for a more full account," and by ſo doing, giving the weight of his authority to every thing which might be repreſented by one, who went to England as a complainant, and with a high ſpirit of reſentment againſt the people here.

To elucidate more fully the injuſtice of his Excellency's repreſentation, we beg leave to annex hereto ſome extracts from the Council's letter to Lord Hillſborough above-mentioned *.

His Excellency's next letter, dated Auguſt 1768, attempts to juſtify the conduct of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, that is, "four of them," particularly in their withdraw from the town; and ſeems in ſome parts of it calculated to invalidate what the council had ſaid concerning them in their anſwer to Governor Bernard on the 29th of July 1768, wherein the Board declares, "that the Commiſſioners were not obliged to quit the town, that there never had been any inſult offered to them, and that their quitting the town was a voluntary act of their own."

His Excellency ſays concerning them, "It is now pretended they need not have withdrawn; and that Mr. Williams had ſtood his ground without any injury, although the mob beſet his houſe. But there never was that ſpirit raiſed againſt the under officers as againſt the Commiſſioners, I mean four of them." There appeared a much higher ſpirit againſt Mr. Williams than againſt the Commiſſioners before they abſconded: And as he ſtood his ground without any injury, although the mob beſet his houſe, ſo it may be juſtly inferred that they alſo might have ſtood their ground at leaſt till their houſes had been beſet, which never had happened.—"I do not believe (continues his Excellency) if the mob had ſeized them, there was an authority able and willing to have reſcued them." There was no juſt occaſion for this declaration, as the Commiſſioners had not been ſeized, nor the leaſt attempt made for that purpoſe. If "after they had withdrawn, the town ſignified to the Governor by a meſſage that it was expected or deſired they ſhould not return:" And if "it was then the general voice, that it would not be ſafe for them to return," which is affirmed by his Excellency, it would not from thence follow, that "after all that the Sons of Liberty" were miſtaken in ſaying "they deſerted or abdicated:" for all this might be, and undoubtedly was, occaſioned by their imprudent withdraw.

By the ſaid letter his Excellency appears to have encouraged the carrying into effect a meaſure which the Commiſſioners and Governor Bernard had been earneſtly purſuing, namely, the procuring regiments to be ſent hither: For he is pleaſed to ſay in a letter, that "with all the aid you can give to the officers "of the Crown, they will have enough to do to maintain the "authority of government, and to carry the laws into execu-"tion. If they are diſcountenanced, neglected or fail of ſup-"port from you, they muſt ſubmit to every thing the preſent "oppoſers of government think fit to require of them." So far as his Excellency has been inſtrumental in procuring regiments to be ſent hither, he has been inſtrumental in effecting a meaſure which has been productive of great confuſion and bloodſhed.

In the letter of the 4th of October 1768, his Excellency mentions that "many of the common people have been in a frenzy; and talked of dying in defence of their liberties;" that "too many of rank above the vulgar, and ſome in public poſts have countenanced and encouraged them until they increaſed ſo much in their numbers, and in their opinion of their importance as to ſubmit to government no farther than they thought proper. The legiſlative powers have been influenced by them, and the executive powers intirely loſt their force." That "there has been continual danger of mobs and inſurrections."—That for 4 or 5 weeks paſt the diſtemper has been growing, and I confeſs I have not been without ſome apprehenſions for myſelf."

On the repreſentation here given we would obſerve, that although the ſtate of things at this time was greatly diſordered, the greateſt of the diſorder more immediately aroſe from theſe cauſes, viz. from the conduct of the Commiſſioners about and in conſequence of the ſeizure on the 10th of June; from the miniſterial order that the Houſe of Repreſentatives ſhould reſcind certain reſolves of the former Houſe; from the diſſolution of the General Court for the refuſal to reſcind; from the rumours that regiments were ſent for; from the certain information of their being ordered hither; from Governor Bernard's repeated refuſal to call an aſſembly, in which the people in theſe diſtreſſed circumſtances could place their confidence; and from the apprehenſion among them, whether well grounded or not is immaterial, that they were to be ſubjected to the will of the ſaid Governor, who, if ever he had any, had loſt all regard for them; and was then manifeſtly undermining their liberties and privileges.

In ſuch a ſtate of things, was it not to be expected that the people would be uneaſy; and that they would manifeſt their uneaſineſs by diſorder and irregularity? But notwithſtanding the variety of cauſes operating to produce diſorder, it was not carried to the height repreſented in the above-mentioned letter: the tendency and deſign of which could not be to allay the reſentment, which former repreſentations had occaſioned.

The ſame letters further repreſents, that "While we were in this ſtate, news came of two regiments being ordered from Halifax, and ſoon after two more from Ireland. The minds of people were more and more agitated; broad hints were given that the troops ſhould never land. A barrel of tar was placed upon the beacon, in the night to be fired to bring in the country, when the troops appeared; and all the authority of the Governor was not ſtrong enough to remove it."——It is very true, that on the news of thoſe regiments being ordered hither, the minds of people were in great agitation; and at that time the barrel was placed on the beacon, where it continued ſeveral days, during the violence of the agitation. But when it had ſomewhat abated, the Sheriff, with one or two aſſiſtants, went to the beacon, and the latter, in the preſence of a number of people, took down the barrel; which, inſtead of a barrel of tar, proved to be an empty nail-barrel, put there as a ſcare-crow, or more probably put there by ſome wanton lads, to make for themſelves diverſion: But however it got there, and whatever might be the purpoſes to be anſwered by it, it was ill-ſuited for a ſignal to be fired in the night, to bring in the country when the troops appeared; and there was no foundation

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* "*The Governor* [Bernard] *has found great fault with the conduct of the council towards the commiſſioners.* "*The virulence with which they have been treated, ſeems, he ſays, to be too violent to be the effect of public zeal only, without the interference of private animoſity. The council my Lord, even if they had been influenced by mere motives of reſentment, could juſtify all they have either ſaid or done with regard to the commiſſioners, who in divers of their letters to the Governor, which he laid before the council, have treated the council in a very unbecoming manner; one of which letters, in the time of it, the council would have animadverted on, but to prevent their doing themſelves juſtice, the Governor withdrew it. They have not however been actuated by reſentment or private animoſity, but by a regard for the town and province: Both which the commiſſioners, whatever they may have done by their letters and memorials to adminiſtration, have greatly abuſed by their retiring (under the pretence of ſafety) on board one of his Majeſty's ſhips, and afterwards to the caſtle: Intending thereby that their memorials ſhould have the ſtronger effect. But my Lord, their retiring was voluntary—they were not compelled to it—they had never been attacked, and it is highly probable never would have been, unleſs they themſelves had firſt concerted the plan of the attack;—and that they had concerted ſuch a plan, ſeems probable, from their ordering the ſeizure of the ſloop Liberty on the 10th of June, with ſuch circumſtances of violence, and at ſuch a time of day, as indicated a deſign to create a diſturbance, which accordingly happened; and which, though trifling in compariſon with what it has been repreſented, they improved as a plauſible reaſon, on which to juſtify their voluntary flight." Now we have had occaſion to mention the riot of the 10th of June, we cannot refrain mentioning one circumſtance concerning it, which is, that the morning after it happened being Saturday, the Governor with the advice of the council, appointed a committee of ſuch members of the board, as were qualified to act as Juſtices of the peace in the county of Suffolk, to make enquiry into the particular facts as ſoon as may be, and report to the Governor in council, that ſo they might take proper meaſures on ſo intereſting an occaſion; and the Governor deſired the committee to meet him on Monday morning, in order with him to proceed on the enquiry: But on that morning, inſtead of proceeding on the enquiry, he poſtponed it, as appears by the council minutes, and never after reſumed it. This ſeemed ſtrange in the time of it, but the reaſon appears more clearly ſince our ſeeing the printed votes of the Houſe of Commons, wherein among the papers on the American affairs, laid before that Houſe, there are mentioned depoſitions relative to the ſaid riot, incloſed to your Lordſhip in Governor Bernard's letter, dated June 14th, 1768, and mentioned in the ſaid Votes.*

Now my Lord, is it any way uncharitable to ſuppoſe the Governor poſtponed the enquiry with the ſaid Juſtices, in order that there might be no contradiction between the depoſitions that might have been thus jointly taken, and ſuch as he has incloſed to your Lordſhip? Was it not more likely my Lord, that a true ſtate of the facts might have been brought forth by ſuch a joint enquiry, than by a deſperate one? On the one hand, it might be ſaid, the Juſtices without the Governor would be moſt inquiſitive after facts and circumſtances that would place the delinquents in the moſt favourable light; and on the other hand, that the Governor might run into the contrary extreme, which would place them in the worſt light; and if this ſhould be thought probable on both hands, from both of them conjunctly, the exact ſtate of facts might have been expected. It is therefore greatly to be regretted, and argues a diſpoſition and deſign in the Governor to repreſent things in the worſt light, that he poſtponed, and never after reſumed the enquiry; and the repreſentations contained in authenticated copies of his letters tranſmitted to us are a demonſtration of ſuch a diſpoſition; and of a diſpoſition, under a pretence of magnifying the King's power, to make his own arbitrary and uncontrolable."

for saying, that "all the authority of the Government was not strong enough to remove it."

His Excellency, mentioning the arrival of the troops from Halifax, says, "Two regiments are landed, but a new grievance is now raised: The troops are, by act of Parliament, to be quartered no where else but in the barracks, until they are full. There are barracks enough at the Castle to hold both regiments. It is therefore against the act to bring any of them into town. This was started by the Council in their answer to the Governor, which, *to make themselves popular*, they, in an *unprecedented* way, published, and have alarmed all the province: For altho' none but *the most contracted minds* could put such a construction upon the act, yet, after this declaration of the Council, nine-tenths of the people suppose it just." We have examined the act of parliament referred to, and the then Council's construction of it, and we are clearly of opinion, that their construction of it is just; altho' by thus giving our opinion, we involve ourselves in the censure cast upon that Council. With respect to their publishing their answer in an unprecedented way, to make themselves popular, may have wholly vindicated themselves against this charge *, which, with great virulence, was urged against them by Governor Bernard, and which his Excellency Governor Hutchinson thought proper to adopt.—He is pleased to add, "I wish the act had been better expressed, but it is absurd to suppose the Parliament intended to take from the King the direction of his forces, by confining them to a place where any of the colonies might think fit to build barracks." There is manifestly room for distinguishing between forces on their march and resident forces. With respect to the latter, of which character were the regiments sent hither, it is not absurd to suppose that the Parliament intended (*not* to take from the King the direction of them, but, in any colonies where they are stationed, to confine them) during their stay, to the barracks there provided, if sufficient to accommodate them. "It is besides ungrateful, says his Excellency, for it is known to many, that this provision was brought into the bill after it had been framed without it, from meer favour to the Colonies."—If this provision was brought into the bill to favour the colonies, it was intended by parliament to have an actual operation in their favour; and would have so operated in this colony, had not Governor Bernard controuled it. But we cannot see with what propriety the Council is chargeable with ingratitude, for endeavouring that the said provision should answer the very purpose for which it was brought into the act.

In the letter dated the 10th of December, 1768, his Excellency writes, "That a number of the Council have agreed upon a long address or petition to Parliament, and that it will be sent by this ship to Mr. Bollan, to be presented. Mr. Danforth, who is President of the Council, told the Governor, upon enquiry, that it was sent to him to sign, and he supposed the rest of the Council who had met together would sign after him in order, but he had since found that they had wrote over his name, by order of Council." On which he is pleased to observe, that this "makes it appear to be an act of Council."

This petition was for the repeal of the American Revenue-Acts. A similar one had been prepared, and was under consideration of the Council, at the time of Governor Bernard's proroguing the General Court, in June 1768, and could have been completed the same day; but, though strongly importuned he would not suffer it to be done. After the prorogation and consequent dissolution, the Council could not act as a body without him, and it was with much difficulty, they obtained his consent to their petitioning. However the petition was at length agreed to, and he was desired by the Council, to send it to Lord Hillsborough, to be laid before his Majesty: He sent it accordingly, but with such comments as tended to defeat it. A number of the Council, apprized of this, agreed to petition the two Houses of Parliament, in separate petitions, for the repealing the said acts. Governor Hutchinson's letter above quoted, relates wholly to one of those petitions. The petition itself will shew, that there was no intention it should appear "to be an act of Council." The printed votes of the House of Commons of the 23th of Jan 1769, shew the same thing. It is there said, that Alderman Beckford "offered to the House a petition, purporting to be petition of the major part of his Majesty's Council of the province of Massachusetts-Bay, signed Samuel Danforth, President of the Council, in the name of the major part of the Council aforesaid." And the petition itself further shews, in the first paragraph of it, that the Council, by the dissolution of the General Court, were rendered unable, in their legislative capacity, to address the House, and that the other members of the Council live too remote to join with the petitioners. All which demonstrates, that the account above given of the petition is erroneous, and that the petition itself could *not* "appear to be an act of Council."

The same letter further represents, that "its proper it should be known that the whole is no more than the doings of a part of the Council only, altho' even that is not very material, since, if they had all been present, without the Governor's summons, the meeting would have been irregular and unconstitutional, and ought to be discountenanced and censured." "I have known no instance here [of the Council's meeting and doing business] without the Governor, until within three or four months past."

It is manifest, from what is said above, that the fore-mentioned petition was not meant to be, and could not be understood "to be an act of Council: And therefore the meeting of divers members of the Council about it, tho' not summoned by the Governor, was not irregular nor unconstitutional, nor ought to be discountenanced and censured; nor have the Council thus censured, in any instance whatever (except in their legislative capacity, during the sitting of the General Court) done or attempted to do any act of Council, without the Governor, notwithstanding the unjust suggestion to the contrary.

His Excellency "thought it very necessary the circumstances of his proceedings should be known," and that "it would be best it should not be known that the intelligence comes from him."

The knowledge of the true circumstances of this proceeding could not invalidate the petition, nor prejudice the characters of the petitioners: But the detail his Excellency has given, which, in some parts of it, seems to be founded on the information of Governor Bernard, had a tendency, and probably operated, to do both. And it were to be wished that, as he thought it necessary the circumstances should be known, he had taken care to be rightly informed. But what necessity he could lie under under, or what official call he could then have to give an account about the proceedings of the Council, is by no means apparent. However, if there was a necessity, it may be apprehended it might have more naturally operated to produce a representation in favour of the petition; especially at a time *when* it was known a former petition of the Council had been treacherously mar'd by Governor Bernard;—*when* he was doing every thing in his power, to destroy the constitution of the province, and to subject it with the other colonies to Revenue-acts; and when, by the dissolution of the General Court, the regular channel of petitioning Parliament was shut up. In such a state of things, it was justly to be expected that every friend to the province, if he could not promote, would at least do nothing to

* See the Council's printed letter to the Earl of Hillsborough, dated April 25, 1769.

frustrate a petition, the object of which was, in any sort, the good of the province, but especially a petition praying for the repeal of the American revenue-acts, which had been the occasion of so much uneasiness and confusion, in this colony in particular, and the colonies in general. But even this petition could not escape the animadversion of his Excellency Governor Hutchinson.

In the letter of the 20th of January, 1769, his Excellency expresses his great obligations to his correspondent (who appears to be of the best authority) for the very clear and full account of proceedings in parliament, which he had received from him, and by which he had in a great measure, defeated the ill designs of the enemies of Government, by giving out "That their friends in Parliament were encreasing, and all things would soon be on the old footing;—in other words, that all acts imposing duties would soon be repeal'd; the Commissioners Board dissolv'd; the Customs put on the old footing, and Illicit Trade be carried on with little or no hazard."—He observes that "What marks of resentment the Parliament will show, whether they will be upon the province in general, or particular persons, is extremely uncertain, but that they will be placed somewhere is most certain," that "this is most certainly a crisis. I really wish that there may not have been the least degree of severity beyond what is absolutely necessary to maintain. I think I may say to you, the dependance which a colony ought to have upon the present state;—but, if no measures shall have been taken to secure this dependance, or nothing more than some declaratory acts or resolves, it is all over with us. The friends of Government will be utterly disheartened, and the friends of Anarchy will be afraid of nothing, be it ever so extravagant." "I never think of the measures necessary for the peace and good order of the colonies without pain. There must be an abridgement of what are called English liberties."—His Excellency's mind is here so clearly expressed, that it stands in no need of comments and elucidation.

In the sixth and last letter, dated the 20th of October, 1769, his Excellency says, "My opinion, upon the combinations of the Merchants I give you very freely."—"it is not possible that provision for dissolving those combinations and subjecting all who do not renounce them, to penalties adequate to the offence, should not be made the first week the Parliament meets. Certainly all parties will unite in so extraordinary a case, if they never do in any other.—"I must beg the favour of you to keep secret every thing I write." All the remark we shall make here is, that it is an unhappiness his Excellency had occasion, from the errors of his representations, to lay his friends under the injunction of secrecy; that "the party here" might not be informed "of the contents of his letters."

Thus have the Committee taken a general view of Governor Hutchinson's six letters; on some of which, wherein the council has been censured, or the propriety of their conduct questioned, we have been more particular in our remarks, many of the present Board being members of that Council, and concerned in the proceedings complained of.

[*To be continued.*]

Dupont, Brewton, & Comp.

HAVE RECEIVED,

Their white and coloured Plains,

By the Ship CHARMING-SALLY, *Captain* FORTUNE, *from* BRISTOL,

Which, with their Assortment on Hand, lately imported, will be sold on the most reasonable Terms,

At their Store in TRADDSTREET.

N. B. A handsome *London* made Chariot and Phaeton, with Harness, complete, to be sold for *prime Cost.*

Exceeding fine Red PORT,

Dry and sweet Sherry, Tent, Madera, Lisbon, and Carcavella WINES,

Warranted GENUINE,

To be SOLD,

By EDMUND HEAD.

Who has also a Quantity of best MAHOGANY in Logs, and LOGWOOD, to dispose of.

London particular Madera WINE,

Of the Vintage 1771, and 1772.

London & Carolina Madera WINE,

BRISTOL BEER in Bottles,

AND A FEW

Firkins of very fine Irish ROSE BUTTER,

To be SOLD,

By GEORGE-ABBOTT HALL & Co.

A Few Pipes of *Vidonia* WINE;

Bristol Beer, Cyder and *Taunton* Ale in Bottles;

Crates of yellow Ware;

Crates of Butter-Pots, and blue and white Jugs;

boxes of short Pipes;

And black Pepper in Sales;

To be SOLD,

By JOHN NEUFVILLE.

Brailsford & Muncreef,

HAVE removed their Compting-House to the Upper Part of Mr. *William Doughty's* House, on the BAY; where all Demands against them, are desired to be sent for Payment.

☞ As there is a Necessity for having their Concerns adjusted as soon as possible, it is hoped those indebted to them, will immediately settle; they being determined to put every Accompt, Note, &c. unpaid the 20th of *October* next, into the Hands of an Attorney, to be recovered without further Notice. *July 28th*, 1773.

Cheap Lots of LAND.

THAT large and valuable Piece of Land in *Charles-Town*, commonly known by the Name of LYNCH's PASTURE;—being now divided into different Dimensions, fronting upon wide Streets, and most of them very pleasantly situated, *Will be DISPOSED of, upon reasonable Terms*, and the Time of Payment made agreeable to the Purchaser.——Enquire of the Subscriber, or of ANCRUMS & CHIFFELLE—in whose Hands a Plat of the said Land may be seen. PARKER QUINCE.

JUST IMPORTED

In the CAROLINA, *Capt.* BESNARD,

A fresh Supply of Goods,

AMONG WHICH ARE,

A Variety of printed Linens, and Calicoes, new Patterns, a few Pieces of printed Jackonet Muslins, a large Assortment of Diapers and Damasks, with several complete Table Suits of each, some of which are very fine and very large;

WHICH,

With a LARGE CARG

Lately received by the Heart-of-Oak,

Will be SOLD at our usual low PRICES, especially for READY MONEY, and in a Quantity to SELL again.

Hawkins, Petrie, & Co.

Who have a Quantity of low priced Osnabrugs, very cheap, by the Bale or Piece; and best Silk Umbrellas, varnished and unvarnished. JULY 24, 1773.

They have since received, by the Carolina, *Captain* Besnard, *and the* Yorick, *Captain* Steel,

A large and neat ASSORTMENT OF

BROAD CLOTHS, with plain and fashionable Trimmings; coarse Cloths; Whitneys, *Bath* Coating, Tammies, Duroants, Shalloons, Calamancoes, Camblets, Cambletees, and a Variety of fine Winter Stuffs; *London* Duffils; Bed-Blankets, some of which are of an extra Size and Quality; a Quantity of low priced white Linens, among which are very stout white Sheeting, at 7*s.* 6*d.* per Yard, and less by the Quantity; a good Assortment of Modes, Persians, and Satins; Gauzes, Laces, and Trimmings, of different Sorts; black and brown Princes Stuffs, Bombazines of all Prices, &c.

AUGUST 16, 1773.

White and coloured Plains;

NAILS of all Kinds,

To be Sold at NINE for ONE,

By *HALL & SMITH.*

A FEW PIECES OF

Fashionable Brocades and Lutestrin

AND

Several complete Sets of Table and Tea China

To be SOLD very CHEAP.

WILLIAM DONALDSON,

Has imported in the Live-Oak, *Captain* Lundburry, *from* BRISTOL,

WHITE and coloured PLAINS, Duffil Blankets; Hoes and Axes; Guns; Frying Pans; Corn and Coffee-Mills; Iron Pots; Shot; Window Glass; Paints; Corton and Wool Cards; split Pease; long and short Pipes; Hair Sieves, &c.—with a Quantity of Pewter, Earthen Ware in Crates, &c. &c.

The above Goods, with his former Stock, consisting of a GREAT ASSORTMENT of Haberdashery, Ironmongery, Brasiery, &c. &c. he will sell on as moderate Terms as any in Town, either for CASH or CREDIT, at his Store in ELLIOTT-STREET.

Some exceeding good *Port* WINE,

Bottled in LONDON.

WILLIAM SCOTT, jun.

Has just received by CHARMING SALLY, *Capt.* FORTUNE, *from* BRISTOL, *his*

White, blue & green Plains,

Of a good QUALITY,

AN Assortment of Check Linens, and Cotton Hollands; Osnabrugs, Thread in *Three* Pound Bundles; Mens and Boys Hats; 4*d.* 5*d.* 6*d.* 8*d.* 10*d.* and 20*d.* Nails, Ox Chains, Cart Boxes, Iron rimmed Stock Locks, Padditto, Gimblets, Stone Jugs, Shot of all Sizes, Wool and Cotton Cards, neat Chair Harnesses, Rice Sieves, &c.

ABRAHAM MADDOCK,

UPHOLSTERER & PAPER-HANGER, from *Dublin*,

At his Shop in KING-STREET, *opposite the* OLD GOAL,

MAKES and sells Feather Beds, Matrasses, Bed Sackings, Pavillions, Festoons, and *Venetian* Window Curtains and Blinds, Sophas, Couches, Conversation Stools, *French* and Easy Chairs, stuffed and covered in the best and neatest Manner.

*** He returns his sincere and grateful Thanks, to his Friends and the Public, for the Favours he has already received from them; and hopes, by his Assiduity, to merit a Continuance of the same.

N. B. Those Gentlemen who chuse to find their own Materials, may have their Work executed on the most *reasonable Terms.*

To be LETT,

And may be entered on immediately,

Two well situated TENEMENTS,

In CHALMERS's ALLEY.

Enquire of SAMUEL GREVILLE,

Or at the PRINTING-OFFICE on the *Bay* near the *Exchange.*

RUN-AWAY, some Time in July *last*

From my Plantation, on ST. HELENA ISLAND,

A likely NEGRO FELLOW,

About five Feet six Inches high, goes by the Name of CATO, he is a sensible and orderly Fellow, is well made, but a little knock-kneed, and has lost some of his Fore Teeth.——Whoever will deliver the said Fellow to me, on *St. Helena*, or to the Warden of the Work-House in *Charles-Town*, shall receive a Reward of TEN POUNDS, from

Aug. 19, 1773. WILLIAM REYNOLDS

BONNEAU & SLANN,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

The REMAINDER

OF

Their white & coloured Plains,

From BRISTOL,

Which are well bought, and will be ſold REASONABLY,

ALSO,

LONDON and Briſtol Duffils; ſtriped and plain Camblets; Hoſiery, Nails, ſplit Peaſe, Vinegar in Jugs; Window Glaſs; Shot of all Sorts, particularly ſmall ſized Swan-ſhot; Iron Wedges; Ox and Trace Chains; Cart Boxes, Loaf-Sugar, *&c.*

And in a few Weeks they expect to receive a neat Aſſortment of other Articles from LONDON. *Aug.* 30, 1773.

BRIAN CAPE,

HAS IMPORTED

In the LIVE-OAK, *Captain* LUNDBERRY, *from* BRISTOL,

His white and coloured Negro Cloth,

AND

DUFFIL BLANKETS:

Which, having taken great Pains to purchaſe on the *beſt Footing*, he hopes his Friends will be pleaſed both with the PRICE and QUALITY.

In the above Ship he has alſo imported,

A large Supply of HARD-WARE;

CONSISTING OF

NAILS of all Sorts, and moſt other Materials for Building; Pad, Stock, and Cheſt Locks of all Prices; Lathing Hammers, Tap Borers, Gimblets; Two-Feet Rules, Folding Ditto, with Tables; neat Ivory Ditto; Tea-Cheſt Locks, Plate Bolts, Cloak Pins, Box-Irons, Thumb-Latches; Bridle-Bits, Stirrup-Irons, Saddle Boſſes; Braſs Dog Collars; Plaiſtering and Bricklayers Trowels; Chopping-Knives, Pepper-Mills, Bell Cranks, Trunk Locks; Awl-blades, Shoe Tacks, Shoe Knippers and Pincers; Bell Bolts; Awl Hafts; Pocket Steelyards; Mice and Rat-Traps; Screw Pullies; Traveling Haſps; Balcony Bolts; Braſs and Steel Shoe Buckles; Spring Spurs; Curling Tongs; Knitting Pins; Marking Irons; Key Swivels; plain and leathered Caſtors; Cow Bells; Pinking-Irons; Bone, Stag, and Chineſe Ivory-Handled Knives and Forks, ſome of which with ſilver Caps; neat Pen Knives, warranted; Butchers and Oyſter Knives; Lancets, Horſe Locks, Shoe Raſps, Horſe Shears; Braſs Chair Nails; Kirby and common Fiſh-Hooks; Fiſhing Lines; packing Needles; Hooks and Eyes; Oil Stones; Phyſic Scales and Weights; Braſs Scales and Weights for Stores, of all Sizes; Rat Gins; Kitchen Dogs, with Racks; Pot-Hooks; Rice Sickles and Indico Hooks; Smoothing, Long, Jointer, Rabbit, Bead, and Quarter-round Planes; Rag, Scythe, and Rub Stones; Drinking Horns; ſtanding Juppets; Ivory and Box Combs; Tobacco Boxes; Tea-Table Bells; Key-Rings; neat japanned Coffee-Pots and Tea-Kitchens; neat flat japanned Candleſticks, with Snuffers and Extinguiſhers to match; Whip, Croſs-cut, and Hand Saws; Spits, and Frying Pans; Garden and Graſs Scythes; Iron Tea Kettles.

Neat ſilver-mounted Cutteaux, with Swivels and red Morocco Belts, from £. 10 to £. 30; common Ditto, from 30*ſ.* to 10*l.* double and ſingle Cartouch Boxes; Houſe Bells, ſpringed; Braſs Bell Wire; Sheet Lead; Shot of all Sizes; Pewter Plates and Diſhes; Cloſe-ſtool Pans; Pewter Cullenders; fluted and plain Candle Moulds; Glue; Cyder in Hampers; a few Hampers of very good Red Port Wine, warranted genuine; Vinegar in Jugs; White Lead; Spaniſh Brown and Red Lead, ground in Oil; Allum; Linſeed Oil in Jugs; fine Chamber Lamp Oil in Jugs; Pruſſian Blue, and Vermillion.

GLASS WARE.

Conſiſting of Quart Decanters, neatly cut and flowered, from 10*l.* 10*ſ.* to 30*ſ.* the Pair; Bird Fountains; neat cut Jelly and Syllabub Glaſſes; *India* ſhades; neat cut and plain Glaſs Candleſticks; Sets of Glaſs Salvers or Pyramids; Tumblers; cut and plain Salts; Paſſage Lamps, mounted with Braſs; large Decanters for Punch.

SADDLERY.

Mens and Boys neat Saddles, complete; Saddle-Cloths, and checked Swanſkins for Ditto; Mail Pillions; Portmantuas, with Straps; Surcingles and Girths; Snaffle, and Weymouth Bridles; Leather Jockey-Caps; neat Twig, Half, and Whole Hunting-Whips, with Silver Caps; Ladies Ditto; ſtrong ſtocked Silver-capped Whips, loaded, with long Laſhes; Boot Garters.

SHOES.

Mens, Womens, Boys and Girls Leather Shoes of all Sorts; Shoes fit for Plantation Negroes; Ladies neat Callamanco and Ruſſel Shoes and Pumps, from 30*ſ.* to 47*ſ.* 6*d.* a Pair.

Which, added to his late Importation,

Make his preſent Aſſortment the LARGEST he ever yet had:—And he begs Leave to aſſure his Friends, and the Public, that he will ſell his Goods at the *very loweſt* Advance; and will take all imaginable Care and Pains, to ſupply thoſe who chuſe to deal with him, on as GOOD TERMS as can be afforded by any Store in Town.

N. B. He has ſome fine *Flint Corn* to diſpoſe of.

*** *Thoſe who take a Quantity to* SELL AGAIN, *ſhall have a conſiderable Abatement, ſo as to enable them to ſupply their Cuſtomers on good Terms.*

JUST IMPORTED,

And are now ſelling CHEAP,

By William & Jacob Milligan,

At their STORE on ROWAND's *Wharf,*

BEST New-York Madera Wine, Jamaica Spirits, Weſt-India and Northward Rum, Old Nantz Brandy, Cherry Bounce, Loaf and brown Sugar, Saltpetered Hams, Flour and Biſcuit in Kegs, Soap in Boxes, Tea, Coffee, and Chocolate, Starch, Felt Hats, Queen's Ware, refined Iron, Butter in Firkins, *Turlington's* genuine Balſam, *Bateman's* Drops, *Stoughton's* Elixir, and ſundry other Articles.

They have to LET,

An excellent CELLAR and Two STORES,

At the lower End of BROAD-STREET.

JAMES WILSON,

At his Store and Wine Cellar on the Bay,

HAS FOR SALE,

London particular Madera WINE,

Six Years old—warranted Genuine.

London, New-York, & Carolina Madera,

Some FOUR Years old.

Red and white Port, Mountain, Sherry, Frontiniac } Wine. { Claret, Old Hock, and Liſbon,

Old Jamaica, Weſt India & Northward Rum;

Old Brandy—Gin in Caſes—Arrack;

And ſome excellent CHERRY BRANDY,

Made with the beſt Materials.

Caſk and Bottle London Porter;

Taunton Ale, Briſtol Beer, and beſt Herefordſhire Cyder—Liquors of the very beſt Kind—and a few Caſes of Pickles, fit for private Families—Engliſh white Wine Vinegar, in Caſks and Jugs—a few fine Double Glouceſter Cheeſe—Genuine Straſburgh Snuff, at One Dollar per Pound.—Empty Quart Bottles—and one, two, three, and four Gallon Stone Jugs; which he will ſell either WHOLESALE or RETAIL, on the loweſt Terms.

For CASH *he will allow* Five per Cent. *for all above* £10.

MANSELL & CORBETT,

Have juſt imported in the Ship CAROLINA, JOHN BERNARD, Maſter, *from* LONDON,

A QUANTITY

OF

Cottons, Callicoes, & printed Linens;

Checks, Gauzes, and other Goods,

Which they will SELL, at EIGHT *for* ONE.

WANTED, on Intereſt,

Fourteen Hundred Pounds *Currency,*

For which the moſt undeniable Security will be given. Enquire at the Printing-Office on the BAY, near the EXCHANGE.

Jamaica and Antigua Rum,

In HOGSHEADS;

Beſt MUSCOVADO SUGAR,

In Hogſheads, Tierces, and Barrels;

Alſo, A few Porter Caſks of Jamaica Rum,

Fit for immediate USE,

To be SOLD,

By SMITH & DARRELL.

To be SOLD,

A neat, light *London*-made Phæton,

With a Crane Neck Carriage, remarkably light, very little the Worſe for Wear, with Harneſs, not above Eight Times uſed.

LIKEWISE,

A new Chaiſe, and Two *Windſor* Chairs.

For further Particulars, enquire of

JAMES LYNCH, COACH MAKER,

Oppoſite the *White Meeting*, in *Meeting ſtreet.*

For SALE, by private Contract,

Purſuant to the laſt Will of Dr. THOMAS CAW, *deceaſed,*

HIS valuable PLANTATION, on *Santee* River, adjoining Lands of Colonel *Horry*, Mr. *Prince*, and Mr. *Dutargue*; containing One Thouſand and Seventy Acres:—Part of which is an Iſland of Seven Hundred and Thirty Acres of fine Rice Land, that does not require any Fencing, and of it about One Hundred and Fifty Acres are cleared; the Reſt of the Tract is good high Land, and the Whole ſo well known as not to need any further Deſcription. On the above Tract are, a good Dwelling-Houſe, a very large Barn, large Stores for Rice, very large and good Stables, an exceeding good Rice Machine, and a Grits Mill, with every other neceſſary Building.——Scooners that carry a Hundred and Fifty Barrels of Rice load cloſe to the Barn.

Alſo, Another Tract of LAND, on *Stephens's* Creek, a Branch of *Savannah* River, adjoining Lands of *John Murray*, Eſq; containing One Thouſand Acres, and is eſteemed as good as any Land in thoſe Parts.

For the Terms of Sale, apply to

ROBERT PHILP, JOHN DEAS, } *Executors.*

THERE are two Vacancies for SCHOOLING by the SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY,

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, *Clerk.*

14*th Auguſt*, 1773.

RUN AWAY about a Month ago,

From Mr. MAZYCK's *Plantation, on* Santee,

Two young NEGRO FELLOWS,

Named SAUL and JACK: The Firſt is a Carpenter by Trade, about Five Feet and an Half high, and is very ſmart and ſenſible;—*Jack* was not bred to any Trade, is about Five Feet five Inches high, and very ſenſible and knowing. They are both ſtout well-made Fellows, and had heavy Irons on their Legs when they went away—They made their Eſcape in a large Canoe belonging to Mr. JONAH COLLINS, and are ſuppoſed to be gone Inland for *Georgia*; they alſo took with them a Quantity of Carpenter's Tools.—Whoever will deliver them to the Warden of the Work-Houſe in *Charles-Town*, or to Mr. JOHN RANTOWLE, in *Elliott-Street*, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS Currency Reward for each, and all reaſonable Charges paid.

N. B. They were formerly Free, and are well known in *Georgia* by the Names of *Saul* and *John Winners*.—They were born in *Bermuda*, and may probably attempt to get a Paſſage thither. *Auguſt* 20*th*, 1773.

JAMAICA RUM,

Fit for immediate USE,

In Puncheons, Hogſheads, & Porter Caſks,

GRENADA, Barbados, and Northward RUM, in Puncheons; Coffee of an extraordinary good Quality in Bags, from 40 to 150 Pounds Weight, Ditto in Barrels, inferior; Eaſt *Loker*, *Bridport*, and *Kirkham* Sail Cloth, Sewing Twine; Anchors and Grapnals of different Sizes; *Philadelphia* ſuperfine Flour, Ship Bread; Bar Iron of all Sizes, and a few Pipes of Old *Vienna* WINE,

To be SOLD,

By SHIRLEY & PRICE.

Who have for SALE,

Indian Corn, & *Northward* Oats.

A Conſignment of GOODS,

CONSISTNG OF

WHITE and green Plains, ſtriped Duffils, Flannels, *German* Serges, Broad Cloths, Whitneys, *Bath* Coating, embоſſed Serges, Hoes and Axes, Nails, Frying Pans, Saws; an Aſſortment of Ironmongery, Paints, Lead, Shot, Hats, Calamancoes, ſhalloons, Cloaks, Cardinals, Guns, Earthen and Tin Ware, Saddlery, Pins, Breeches Patterns, Shoes, Pipes, Cards, Sieves, Pewter, Glaſs Ware, and Iron Pots,—juſt received from *London*, and never yet expoſed for Sale, to be SOLD by the Package in Part, or the Whole, at *Coſt* and *Charges*, by

SHIRLEY & PRICE.

WANTS a PLACE in a Store,

Either in Town or Country,

A Perſon well acquainted with Buſineſs,

Who has lived ſome Time in Town, and can be well recommended. Enquire at the Printing-Office on the BAY, near the EXCHANGE.

For SAVANNAH,

AND

BARBADOS,

THE SCOONER

Sukey & Katy,

CHARLES DAWSON, Maſter.

FOR Freight or Paſſage to SAVANNAH, or for Paſſage to BARBADOS, apply to ſaid Maſter on Board, or

WILLIAM GIBBONS.

Who will give CASH for any Quantity of FLAX SEED.

Fifty Pounds Reward.

WHEREAS on *Monday* Night the 23d Inſtant, about *Nine* o'Clock, the Houſe of the Subſcriber, at *Aſhley-River*, in St. *Andrew's* Pariſh, was forcibly entered by two Men, one a tall ſlim made Perſon, the other thick and ſhort, of a ſwarthy Complexion, with a buſhy Head of Hair, who robbed me of Four Half-Johannes, Thirty Dollars, a Ten Pounds Bill, ſome ſmall Silver, and ſundry Papers, likewiſe a Silver Watch with a China Dial Plate, that opens with a Pin at the End of the Key, Maker's Name Peter Newton, No. 358; a neat Steel mounted Gun, almoſt new, Maker's Name Parkes, and three Silver Tea Spoons. Whoever will apprehend either of them, ſhall on Conviction, receive a Reward of FIFTY Pounds Currency.

THOMAS MELLICHAMP.

Auguſt 24*th*, 1773.

To be SOLD by private Contract,

A Plantation in St *Paul's* Pariſh,

Containing Five Hundred and Sixty Acres, Two Hundred of which is good Rice Land, the Reſt is good Indico or Corn Land.

Alſo, A Tract at *Winyaw*, on *Sandy-Iſland*, containing Five Hundred and Twenty-eight Acres of Land, Four Hundred of which is good River-Swamp, and upwards of Ninety Acres under Banks and Drains. If the Purchaſer chuſes, he may alſo have the Negroes thereon.

Likewiſe, Another Tract on *Pedee* River, containing about Eight Hundred Acres, Three Hundred of which are good River-Swamp, and Sixty Acres in prime Order, with proper Banks and Drains.

The Purchaſers of the above Lands may have one, two, or three Years Credit, paying Intereſt, and giving ſuch Security as ſhall be approved of, by

RICHARD WARING.

N. B. The Reaſon of the above Lands being offered for Sale, is entirely on Account of the Proprietor's bad State of Health.

RUN-AWAY from the Subſcriber,

A Negro Fellow, named *Charles,*

A well-made, ſtout, artful, ſenſible Fellow, with a large Riſing under his right Ear; ſpeaks Engliſh remarkably well, but may eaſily be diſtinguiſhed from one born in this Province by his Speech.——Whoever delivers him to me, ſhall receive a Reward of FIVE POUNDS.

Alſo, A Negro Wench, named *Banaba,*

Of a yellowiſh Complexion, looks much like an *Ebo* Negroe, ſtutters in her Speech, has an Iron on one of her Legs. A Reward of FIVE POUNDS will be given on delivering her to me. But as I have a ſtrong Suſpicion of her being harboured by ſome evil diſpoſed white Perſons (being a remarkable fine Seamſtreſs and eaſily kept at her Work, without Diſcovery, and being for no other Work) I will give FIFTY POUNDS on Conviction of any whit Perſon harbouring her.

JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

Taken up, aſhore on Sullivant's *Iſland*

A Large CANOE

Twenty-three Feet long, and Three and an Half wide. The Owner, on proving the Property, and paying the Charges of advertiſing, &c. may have it again, by applying to the Subſcriber on *Sullivant's* Iſland.

Aug. 27, 1773. THOMAS ROBIN

John-Gabriel Guignard,

At his Store in BROAD-STREET, *lately occupied by Meſſrs.* BRAILSFORD & MONCREEF,

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

By the YORICK, *Capt.* STEEL, *from* LONDON, *and by the* LIVE-OAK, *Capt.* LUNDBERRY, *from* BRISTOL,

An Aſſortment of GOODS,

Suitable to the preſent and approaching Season,

Among which are the following ARTICLES,

WHITE, green and blue Plains, ſtriped Duffils, Bed Blankets, Mens Duffil and *Bath* Coating Surtouts, Mens Fearnought and Pea Jackets.

Superfine Broad Cloths with ſuitable Trimmings, coarſe Ditto, Ditto *Bath* Coating, Serges, Whitneys, Strouds, Bearſkin, Sagathies, Hair Shaggs, Serge-de-Nimes, Laſtings, Calamancoes, Queen's Stuff, Camblets, fine and coarſe *Scotch* Plaid, Flannels and Swanſkin.

Iriſh Linens, Sheeting, Garlix, Dowlas, blue Linen, glazed ditto, Oſnabrugs, Heſſens, Crocus, *Ruſſia* Drab, Raven, Duck, Diaper, and Damaſk Table Cloths; Damaſk Napkins, 3-4th and 8-4th Huckabacks.

Purple and other ground Callicoes, printed Linens, white Chintz, Humhums, Muſlins, Chints *Moreas*, Cambricks, Lawns, Mantuas, *China* Taffeties, a few Pieces of handſome Luteſtrings, Tobines, &c. plain and flowered Satins, Ditto Modes; black, ſingle and double Alamodes, Peelongs, white Sarſenet, white *Engliſh* Perſian, black Ducape, Thread Satins, Bombazeens, plain and ſprigged, black and white Gauze; Catgut, black and white Gauze Handkerchiefs, Lawn ditto, Check and Linen ditto; Womens black figured Mode and Satin Cardinals, Womens coloured Cloth ditto, and Cloaks, Womens and Girls Stays, Womens black Satin Hats and Bonnets, fine and coarſe Chip Hats, black Ruſſel and Durant Petticoats, Hat Crape, bleached and Oſnabrug Thread, Ounce and *Liſle* Thread, Taylors Thread, flouriſhing Cotton, white Bed Lace, Skeleton and Cap Wire, Cruels, Blond Lace, Footing, Edging, Head and *Hanover* Lace, Sheneel, an Aſſortment of RIBBONS.

Cotton Counterpanes, Checks, Bed Bunts, Bed Ticks, Bolſters and Pillows, Bed Ticking, Hair Matraſſes, corded and figured Dimities, Ditto bordered for Petticoats, Loom Quilting, ſtriped Cotton Hollands, brown Holland, Velverets, marking Canvas, Mens and Boys fine and coarſe, old and new faſhioned Hats, Ladies black and white riding Hats; Mens, Womens, Boys, and Girls Thread, Cotton and Worſted Hoſe; Mens Silk Hoſe, Ditto Silk Breeches Patterns, Ditto Worſted, Ditto Mens Worſted and Woollen Caps and Gloves; an Aſſortment of Mens, Womens, Boys and Girls Gloves; Womens & Girls Callamanco and Laſting Shoes and Pumps, Ditto Leather, Ditto Womens Haſe's Make Calamanco Pumps with *French* Heels, Womens red and white *Morocco* Pumps, a few Pair of Womens neat brocaded Pumps, Girls and Childrens red *Morocco* Pumps, Ditto black Leather ditto, Mens and Boys black Leather ditto.

Poland Starch, Hair Powder, Powder and Fig Blue, Allum, *London* refined Loaf Sugar, blue Raiſins, Currants, Salt-Petre, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinamon, &c. Pigtail and cut and dry Tobacco, *Scotch* Snuff, Pipes, *French* and *Spaniſh* Olives, Walnuts, Capers, Ketchup, Sweet Oil; an Aſſortment of Family Medicines, Vinegar, in Wicker Bottles, Velvet and common Corks, red Trunks, *Dutch* Shoe Thread, Seine and Sail Twine, *Hamburgh* and Hemp Fiſhing Lines, Looking Glaſſes, Mahogany Tea Boards, japanned Waiters and Trays, Leather and neat Paper Bottle Stands; China, Glaſs and Earthen Ware, Queens and Stone ditto; an Aſſortment of Hard Ware and Ironmongery, Copper Tea Kettles, Bell Metal Mortars and Peſtles, Fowling Pieces, Shot, Powder, Flints, Brooms, Scrubbing Bruſhes, &c. &c.

An Aſſortment of Carpenter's Planes, Rice and Reying Sieves, Rat and Mouſe Traps, Mens and Boys Saddles, Saddle Cloths, Houſings, &c. Hunter, Chaiſe, and Twig Whips, Cotton and Wool Cards, Stone Jugs; an Aſſortment of Nails, Iron Pots, Grind, Quern, and Rubbing Stones; Train Oil, white Lead ground, *Spaniſh* Brown, dry and ground yellow Okre, dry red Lead, Lamp Black, Glue, Boxes of Glaſs, &c. &c. All which he will ſell on very low Terms, eſpecially for CASH.

N. B. Orders from the Country carefully attended to.

WOODBERY & LORD,

Have imported in the laſt Veſſels from BRISTOL,

Their white & coloured Negro-Cloth,

Duffil Blankets, ſtriped Flannel, &c.

Which, with what Goods they imported in the Snow POLLY, Captain JOHN RAINIER, from *London*, make their Stock of Goods as complete as moſt Houſes here—which they ſell very reaſonable, and will be punctual in executing their Cuſtomers Orders, eſpecially thoſe from the Country.

AUDLEY & LONG,

Have juſt imported, in the Pallas, *Captain* Turner, *from* LONDON,

A large Aſſortment of GOODS,

Suitable for the preſent and approaching Season.

THEY have alſo juſt received from *Philadelphia*, ſuperfine FLOUR in Kegs;—Butter, Milk, and Water BREAD;—EARTHENWARE, &c. All which will be ſold on the moſt *reaſonable Terms*, at their Store at BACON BRIDGE.

N. B. They expect, by the firſt Veſſels from BRISTOL, white, blue, and green PLAINS, and ſtriped DUFFILS; with a general Aſſortment of IRONMONGERY.

JANE THOMSON,

MILLINER,

Sole DEALER and ſeparate TRADER,

RETURNS her grateful Thanks to her Friends and Cuſtomers for their paſt Favours, and begs to inform them, that ſhe has removed from *Tradd-ſtreet* to *Church-ſtreet*, next Door to Mr. SARAZIN, Silverſmith, ſhe has a neat Aſſortment of Goods, ſuitable for her Business and will be much obliged to her former Cuſtomers for a Continuance of their Commands, and by a ſteady Attention to her Buſineſs, ſhe hopes to give Satisfaction to all who are pleaſed to favour her.

She expects a large and neat Aſſortment of MILLINARY from LONDON ſoon.

SIMONSON & BROWER,

Have for SALE, on the loweſt Terms,

At the NEW-YORK Store,

On *Champney's* Wharf, the South Corner of the EXCHANGE,

The following ARTICLES, viz.

WEST-India Rum,
New-York, ditto,
Madera and Teneriff Wines,
Sherry,
Port,
Claret and Arrack,
Brandy and Geneva,
A Variety of Cordials,
London Porter and New-York Beer,
Flour,
Ship Bread,
Middling ditto,
Water ditto
Salt-petred Hams,
Smoaked Beef,
Tallow Candles,
A Quantity of beſt double-rened Bar Iron,
Ditto bloomed,
Share-Moulds and Rod Iron,
A Quantity of Indian Trinkets and Beads,
Hops and Northward Hay,
Bohea and Green Teas,
Chocolate and Coffee,
Beaver Hats,
A Quantity of Cordage,

With ſundry other Articles in the Dry Goods Way.

The Delaware Lottery,

For raiſing the Sum of Five Thouſand Six Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds (or 25,000 Dollars) for the Uſe of the

COLLEGE of NEW-JERSEY,

THE

Preſbyterian Congregation at *Prince-Town*,

AND THE

United Preſbyterian Congregations

OF

NEWCASTLE and CHRISTIANA-BRIDGE.

The SCHEME.

1 Prize of	-	6000	Dollars,	- is	6000 Dollars,
2	- -	2000	- -	- are	4000
4	- -	1000	- -	- are	4000
10	- -	500	- -	- are	5000
20	- -	200	- -	- are	4000
30	- -	100	- -	- are	3000
60	- -	50	- -	- are	3000
6960	- -	10	- -	- are	69600
7087 Prizes.	Firſt Ticket drawn, for the firſt twelve Days,			100	1200
12913 Blanks.	Laſt drawn,	-	-	-	100

N. B. Theſe are not included in the Prizes numbered.

20,000 Tickets, at *Five Dollars* each, are 100,000 Dollars,

Not two BLANKS to a PRIZE.

THE growing Importance of the College of NEW-JERSEY, (for the Uſe of which the above Lottery is principally deſigned) is now generally known through every Province of America. It has hitherto ſubſiſted, and been raiſed to its preſent Situation, entirely by the Favour of the Public. In the Centre of *North-America*, and in a pleaſant, healthy Country, it is well fitted for the moſt extenſive Uſefulneſs. The Succeſs which has attended the vigorous Efforts already made, to raiſe its Funds, and furniſh the Means of a complete and finiſhed Education, to all who are ſent to it, has encouraged thoſe concerned in the preſent Attempt; eſpecially as ſeveral very judicious Perſons have warmly recommended it, ſignifying their Surprize, that at a Time, when ſo many have taken this Method of promoting public Undertakings, a SEMINARY, of ſuch Importance, ſhould not alſo put in for a Share of the general Benevolence. This, added to the other Schemes for the Support and Improvement of the College, will afford ſo many Friends of that Inſtitutoin, an Opportunity of contributing with very little Riſk of loſing, and a conſiderable Chance of Gain to themſelves, who would not incline that the ſmall Sums they could ſpare, ſhould appear in a Subſcription Paper.

As a Number of Tickets are already engaged, and many Gentlemen of extenſive Acquaintance have intereſted themſelves in this Meaſure, the Drawing will commence the Firſt Week in *October* next, in the Town of *New-Caſtle* on *Delaware*, and a Liſt of the fortunate Numbers publiſhed, and ſent to the ſeveral Towns and Places where the Tickets may be ſold. The Prizes, after deducting Fifteen per Cent. for the Purpoſes of the Lottery, will be paid by the Gentlemen of whom they were purchaſed.

Orders for Tickets will be complied with, by applying to Richard Stockton, Jonathan Serjeant, Eſqrs. or Mr. Enos Kelſo, at *Prince-Town*; to William P. Smith, William Livingſton, or Robert Ogden, Eſqrs. at *Elizabeth-Town*, New-Jerſey; to Meſſrs. Broom and Co. at *New-York*; George Bryan, and Joſeph Read, Eſquires; Doctors William Shippen, John Redman, or Robert Harris, Meſſrs. Andrew Hodge, Gunning Bedford, William Henry, John Bayard, Iſaac Snowden, Jonathan B. Smith, William Semple, Robert Paiſley, or William and Thomas Bradford, of *Philadelphia*; Mr. David Walker, in *New-Port*, on Potowmack, Maryland; Mr. Archibald M'Call, in *Tappahannock*; Mr. John Talliaferro, in *Fredericksburg*; and Mr. William Holt, *Williamſburgh*, Virginia; or to the following Gentlemen, *viz.* George Monro, David Finney, John Thomſon, and Nicholas Vandyke, Eſqrs; Meſſrs. Samuel Paterſon, and David Clarke, in *New-Caſtle*, who are appointed Managers of ſaid Lottery, and will be on Oath, for the faithful Diſcharge of the Truſt, repoſed in them.

☞ Letters directed to Meſſrs. *William & Thomas Bradford*, in *Philadelphia*, and left with T. POWELL, at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange, will be ſafely forwarded, and anſwered by the firſt Opportunity that offers after the Receipt of them.

RICHARD FOWLER,

UPHOLSTERER,

Intending to leave the Province in a ſhort Time, on Account of his bad State of Health,

Will diſpoſe of his preſent STOCK,

CONSISTING OF

A Variety of PAPER-HANGINGS, of the neweſt Faſhion; Hair Seating, Braſs Nails, Tacks, Girth Web, Curtain Rings, Cloak Pins, Braſs Caſtors, Bed Ticks, Bed Lace, Fringe, Lines, Taſſels, &c.——A Quantity of the beſt FEATHERS ever imported into the Province.

He will alſo ſell his Houſhold Furniture, at private Sale, amongſt which is, a very handſome Drapery Bed:—Alſo, Three NEGROES, a Wench, a young Negro Maid bred to the Buſineſs; a young Negro Fellow, a complete Waiting-Man.

☞ He deſires all Perſons to whom he is indebted, to call and receive Payment; and begs the Favour of thoſe indebted to him, to make ſpeedy Payment.

MANSELL & CORBETT

Beg Leave to inform their Friends and Cuſtomers,

That they have juſt arrived in the Ship CAROLINA, *from* LONDON,

A large Quantity of White Plains,

Of a very good Width and Quality,

Which were bought on the BEST TERMS, and will be ſold very REASONABLY.

Alſo, A general Aſſortment of Dry Goods; PARTICULARLY,

An Aſſortment of elegant faſhionable Silks—*Perſia* and *Scotch* Carpets and Carpeting;

And Women's Stuff Shoes, at 30*ſ.* per Pair.

They have a Fellow that has been uſed to work in the Field, and Saw a little, and a good Waiting-Man, to diſpoſe of.

Alſo, A Quantity of rough RICE, for SALE.

Radcliffe & Shepheard,

At their Store in Charles Town, *oppoſite to His Honour the* Lieutenant Governor's,

AND

Charles Shepheard & Co. at *Jackſonburgh*,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

A large SUPPLY of GOODS,

From LONDON and BRISTOL,

By the Captains STEEL, LUNDBERRY, *and* FORTUNE;

AMONG WHICH ARE,

WHITE and coloured Negro-Cloth, Bed and Duffil Blankets; ſtriped and white Flannel; *Bath* Coating; Broad Cloths; Caſſimirs; *Liſle* Linens; printed Ditto, and Cottons; neat Chintz Patterns; low priced white Calicoes; checked and printed Handkerchiefs; coloured and figured Silk, *India* Cotton, and Gauze Ditto; Mens and Womens Silk, Thread, and Leather Gloves; Mens, Womens, Boys, and Girls Shoes; Stockings of all Kinds; Mens Silk and Worſted Breeches Patterns; Mens Hats; Boys white and black Thinnet Ditto; Womens Silk Hats, Cardinals, and Cloaks; black Alamode; Peelong Satins; figured Modes and Satins; Straw or Buff coloured Yard-wide *India* Satin, *Engliſh* and *India* Perſians.

A very neat Aſſortment of faſhionable Saſh and other Ribbons; Velvets for Collars; Sheneel, Thread, and *Hanover* Lace, Jackonet and Book Muſlin; ſprigged and corded Ditto; Lawns and Cambricks; Piſtol Lawn; very neat flowered and figured Silk and Dreſs Gauze; plain and corded Ditto; Damaſk Napkins; figured Dimity; Jeannet; Ounce, Oſnabrug, and coloured Round Thread; flowering Cotton Ditto; brown, white, and Spinnel Shoe Thread; Fiſhing and Clock Lines.

A very large and neat Aſſortment of Glaſs and Queen's Ware; Earthen Ditto; exceeding good Loaf Sugar; Vinegar in ſmall Jugs; Linſeed Oil in Ditto; Paints and Window Glaſs; Grind and Quern Stones; *Carolina* and Broad and Grubbing Hoes; falling and broad Axes and Hatchets; Hand and Whip Saws, Ditto Files; Ox and Horſe Cart and Chair Boxes; Iron Pots and Skellets; Nails of all Kinds; Rice and Reying Sieves; Pewter Plates, Diſhes, Waſh-Hand Baſons with Feet; Cullenders, Funnels, Spoons, and Meaſures; Copper Tea Kettles, with rivetted Spouts; Box, Cheſt, Trunk, and Desk Locks; Chamber Door Braſs Ditto; Deſk Furniture, Latches and Ketches; Iron and Tin Dripping Pans; Haſps and Staples; HL and Hooks and Hinges; Dowling Sticks and Pins; white Rope; long and ſhort Pipes; Cotton and Wool Cards; Mens very neat under quilted Saddles, with Furniture, and *Turky* Cotton Cloths, complete; Boys and Mens common Ditto.

Exceeding good Hyſon, Green, and Bohea Tea; Pepper, Alſpice, ſaltpetre; a large *Turky* Carpet; Chair Harneſs, &c. &c.—All which, with Rum, Wine, Muſcovado Sugar, Salt, and a few Dozens of very good Claret, they will SELL, at both Stores, at as low an Advance as any in the Province, and with Pleaſure execute any Orders they may be favoured with.

To be SOLD, a Bargain,

The following LANDS,

The Property of JOHN JOOR, *Eſq; deceaſed,*

THAT valuable TRACT of Land, on the *Cypreſs*, containing Six Hundred Acres old Meaſure, adjoining Lands of WILLIAM SANDERS and JOHN IZARD, Eſquires; near Three Hundred of which is exceeding good Swamp, through which a Drain will ſoon be completed, and which will make it as ſafe and as valuable as moſt deep Swamps in the Province—it alſo has two Branches running through it, on which good Reſerves of Water may be kept: The high Land is good for Corn, &c. and has on it a good Overſeer's Houſe, Barn, Corn Houſe, &c. The Purchaſer of which, if agreeable, may be ſupplied with Five Hundred Buſhels of Corn on the Spot.

A TRACT of Land to the Southward, adjoining Land of the Hon. RAWLINS LOWNDES, Eſq; and Mr. JAMES SMITH, containing Six Hundred Acres, near Three Hundred of which is choice Swamp: The high Land is good for Corn, &c. none of which has ever been cleared.

Part of the TRACT on which the deceaſed lived, containing One Hundred and Fifty-five Acres, upwards of One Hundred of which is good for Corn, alſo near Thirty Acres of good Rice Land. This Tract would ſuit a Gentleman for a Country Seat extremely well, having a fine airy Hill, on which a Houſe might conveniently be fixed, being within a Quarter of a Mile of *Dorcheſter*.

One Hundred and Thirteen Acres of hard Marſh Land, adjoining Lands of WHITMARSH FULLER, Eſq; and *Aſhley-Ferry* Cauſway.

Two Rice STORES in the Town of *Dorcheſter*, each of which has Four Apartments, large enough to contain One Hundred Barrels each.

One Forty-five Acre Lot of Pine Barren, well timbered, adjoining Land of Mr. SAMUEL WAINWRIGHT, and within Three Miles of *Dorcheſter*.

Alſo, a Two Acre LOT in the Town of *Dorcheſter*, and Eleven Acres and One-fourth, within one Mile of ſaid Lot, which will be ſold together.

The Condition of the above Sale is One Year's Credit, paying Intereſt.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may treat with WILLIAM SANDERS, Eſq; in *Charles-Town*, or

JOHN JOOR, *Executor.*